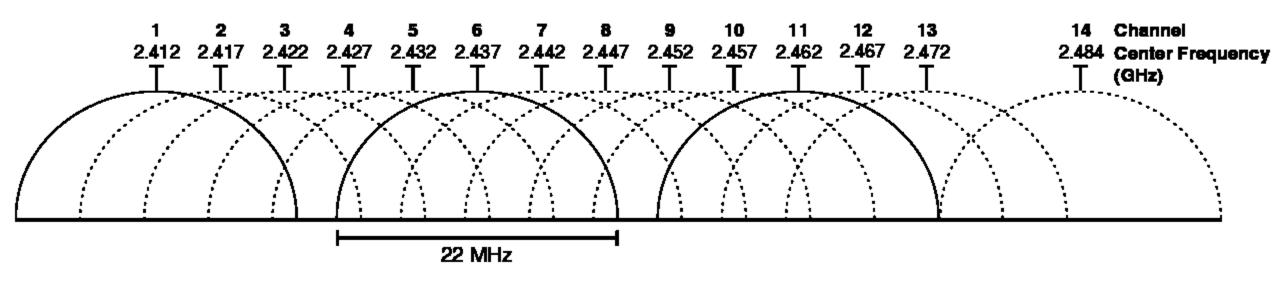


Spectrum Allocations Multiple band plans EXIST!

- 13 Centimeters Band 2.4gh
- ARRL (2300-2310 and 2390-2450 MHz)
- 10cm Centimeters Band 3ghz
- ARRL (3300-3500 MHz)
- 5cm Centimeters Band 5ghz
- ARRL (5650.0-5925.0 MHz)

http://www.arrl.org/band-plan

List of ISM WLAN channels



2.4ghz

NOTE

Broadband Modes, 2410.000-2450.000, 22 MHz max.

Broadband segment may be used for any combination of high-speed data (e.g. 802.11 protocols), Amateur Television and other high-bandwidth activities. Division into channels and/or separation of uses within this segment may be done regionally based on needs and usage.

2424.100 is the Japanese EME transmit frequency

AREDN Offers 2 Non-Shared Channels on 2.4 GHz

Hz	Channel	-2	-1	0*	1	2	3	4	5	6
4 6	Status	Ham E	Band			Shared	Ham and	ISM/WiF	i Band	
2,	Freq	2.397	2.402	2.407	2.412	2.417	2.422	2.427	2.432	2.437

24 Non-Shared Channels on 3.4 GHz

Hz	Channel	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87
4 6	Status						Ham	Band					
m.	Freq	3.380	3.385	3.390	3.395	3.400	3.405	3.410	3.415	3.420	3.425	3.430	3.435
		88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
	1	3.440	3.445	3.450	3.455	3.460	3.465	3.470	3.475	3.480	3.485	3.490	3.495

Refer to your local band plan for coordination

5ghz(5650.0-5925.0 MHz)

Broadband segment may be used for any combination of high-speed data (eg: 802.11 protocols), Amateur Television and other high-bandwidth activities. Division into channels and/or separation of uses within this segment may be done regionally based on needs and usage.

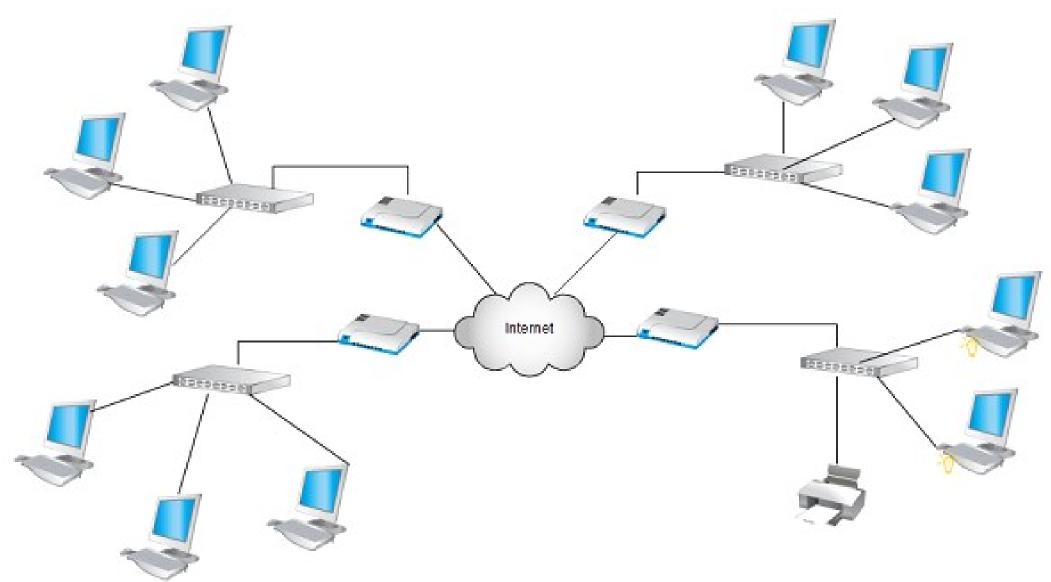
52 Channels, 7 Non-Shared, on 5.8 GHz

	1	200	020	- 0	100000	512 523	30.22	7522	19002120	0.933		82802	1000001	
GHz	Channel	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145
8	Status					Sh	ared Ham	and ISM,	/WiFi Bar	nd				
r.	Freq	5.665	5.670	5.675	5.680	5.685	5.690	5.695	5.700	5.705	5.710	5.715	5.720	5.725
		146	147	148	149	150	151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158
]	5.730	5.735	5.740	5.745	5.750	5.755	5.760	5.765	5.770	5.775	5.780	5.785	5.790
		159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171
						Sh	ared Ham	and ISM,	/WiFi Bar	nd				
	[5.795	5.800	5.805	5.810	5.815	5.820	5.825	5.830	5.835	5.840	5.845	5.850	5.855
		172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180	181	182	183	184
										Ham Band	1			
		5.860	5.865	5.870	5.875	5.880	5.885	5.890	5.895	5.900	5.905	5.910	5.915	5.920

Refer to your local band plan for coordination

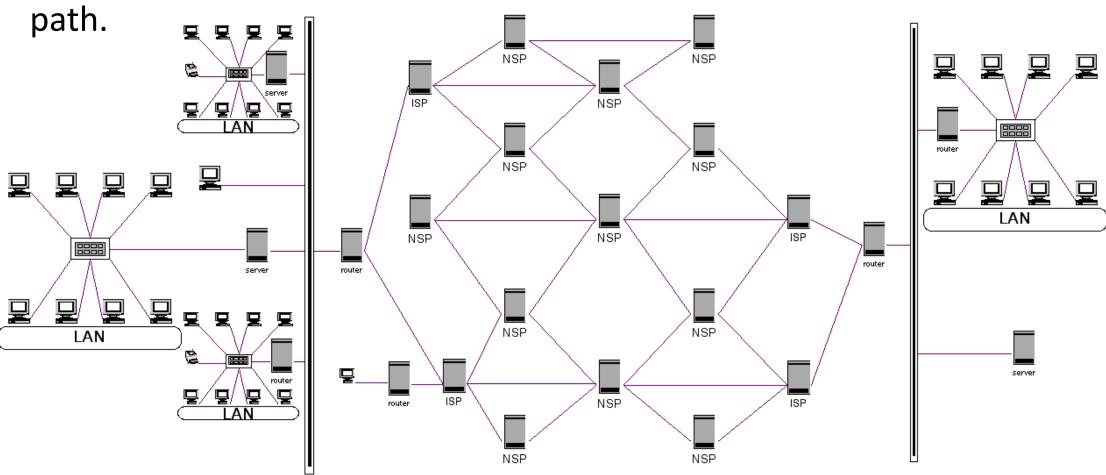
WHAT'S a MESH! Again?

Types of network Topography



The Internet (INTERconnected NETworks)

• The internet is fault tolerant! If one path goes down there is another



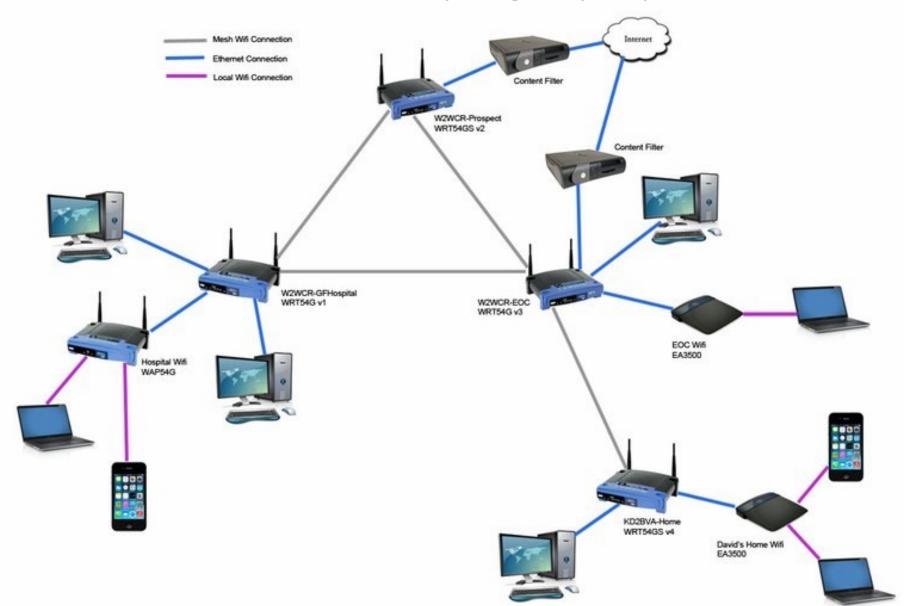
OLST Cand tree, which the global to tree. OLST Cand tree, ew to); Available to tree, atc->vertex no tree and tree and

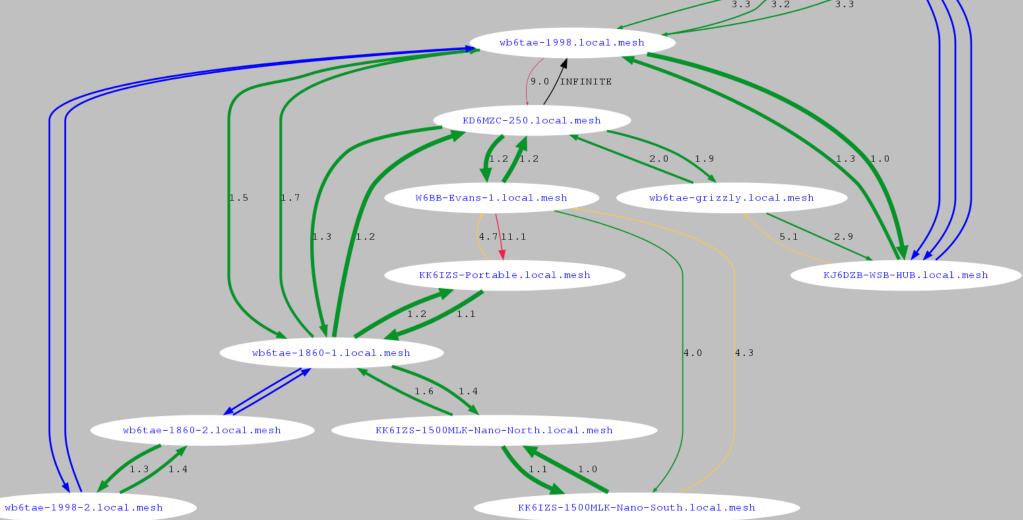
What is OLSR?

= tc->hops + 1; avl init(&tc->prefix tree,

The **Optimized Link State Routing protocol** (**OLSR**) is a routing protocol that is optimised for mobile ad-hoc networks but can also be used on other wireless ad-hoc networks. It is a proactive link-state routing protocol that floods a topology table of it's neighbors to all nodes in the network which then compute optimal forwarding paths locally.

Mesh Topography

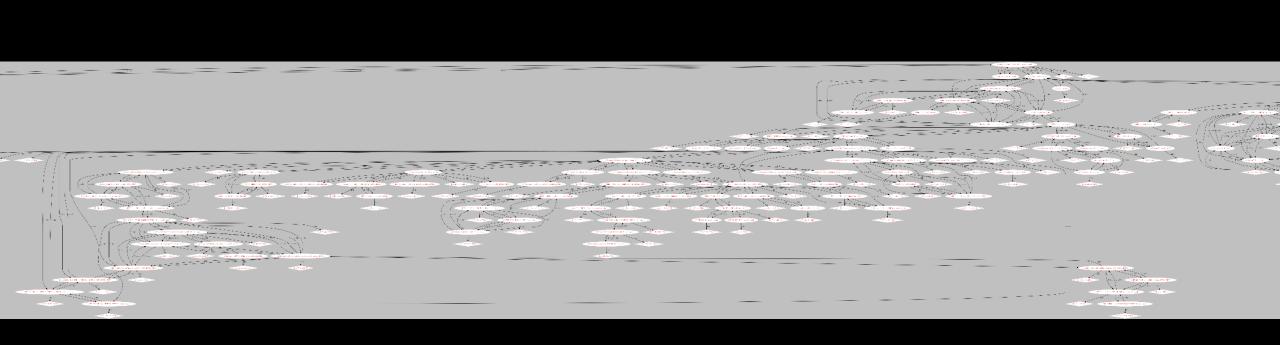


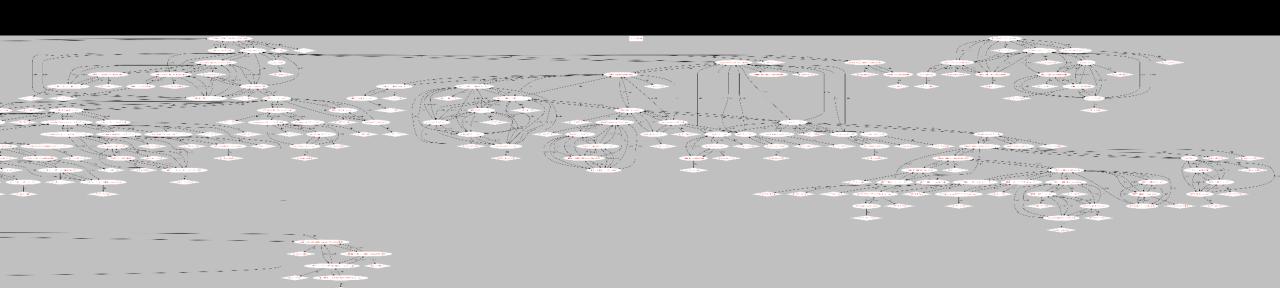


1.1 1.1

K6EE-2.local.mesh

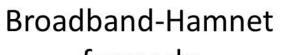


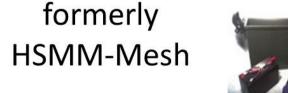




What Software is used to build a mesh















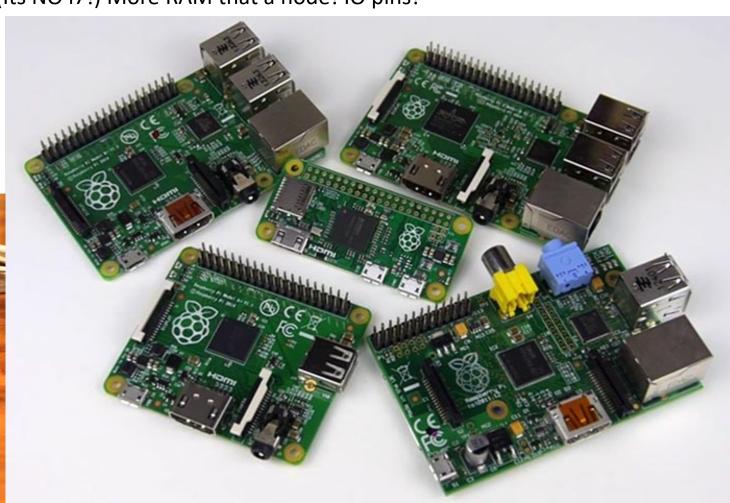
HSMM-Pi project

Script based install for a RPI aka Debian, Ubuntu. Installs on a fresh OS image!

- -Standard stuff to get a RPI going!
- -You will need a Wifi Dongle, external antenna? Your going to be Stuck with the ISM band (for now)
- Alto some cards have coverage into -1,-2 ch, the kernel firmware isn't compiled by default to do so.
- -Low power General purpose server that runs off 5v!! (Its NO i7!) More RAM that a node! IO pins!
- -APRS! With usb GPS and PITNC.
- -VOIP server, Web server! Run scripts!

I have 5 for various tasks! Fun and vestal in the end they cost more than the Ubiquiti gear.







WRT54G 15year old 802.11 B,G

Broadband-Hamnet

formerly

HSMM-Mesh

only 2.4ghz



- -limited memory
- -Low power ~12dbi.
- -External diversity antennas.
- -After market external antennas needed!
- -Not weather sealed.
- -run on 12v.







Amateur Radio Emergency Data Network

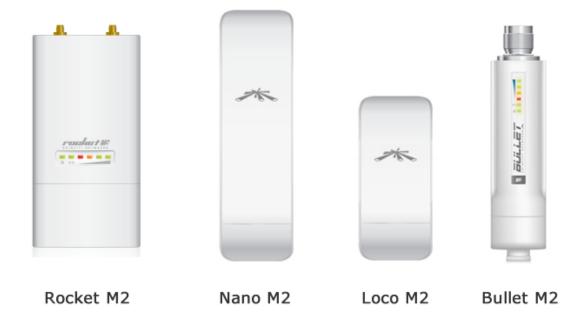
Amateur Radio Emergency Data Network

12/24v POE! Weather prof!

900mhz! 2.4ghz! 3ghz! 5ghz! 802.11 B G N



AirMax M2 series



Supported Platform Matrix

The supported platform matrix identifies the make and models of hardware which may be used with AREDN firmware in the various frequency bands. The equipment marked with a green background is fully supported and tested. Models with a red background are NOT supported nor are they compatible with AREDN firmware. The orange background indicates equipment that is likely to work well, but has not yet been thoroughly tested. Equipment with a yellow background is in the research stage and may or may not achieve fully-supported status depending on test results.

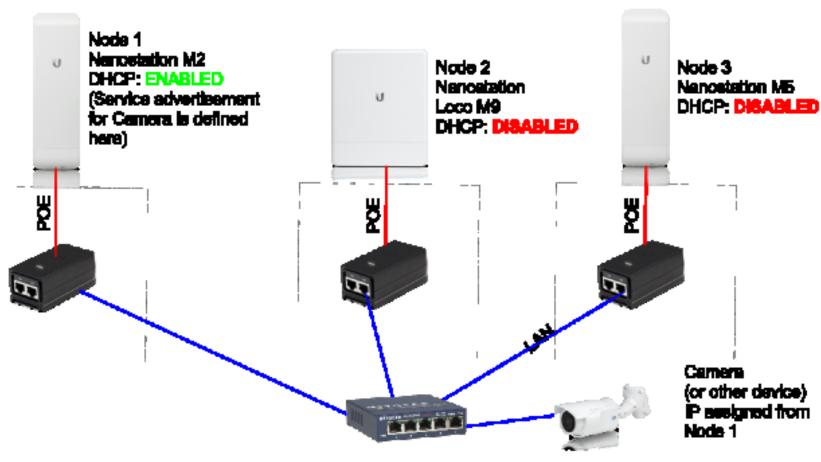
Current As of AREDIN' 5.	16.1.0 (updated on 09/27/2016)	_		
		Bar	·· ·	
Manufacturer/Model	900Mhz	2.4Ghz	3Ghz	5.8Ghz
Ubiquiti Networks (www.ubi	nt.com)			
AirGrid (XM revision/old)		M2		M5
AirGrid (XW)				AG-HP-5Gxx
AirRouter		M2		
AirRouter HP		M2		
Bullet		M2		M5
Bullet Titanium		M2		M5
NanoBeam (XW)				NBE-M5-16/19
NanoBridge	M9	2G18	M3	5G22/5G25
NanoStation Loco (XM)	M9	M2		M5
NanoStation Loco (XVV)				M5
NanoStation (XM)		M2	M3	M5
NanoStation (XVV)				M5
PicoStation		M2		
PowerBeam (see note 3)		PBE-M2-400		PBE-M5-300/400
PowerBeam				PBE-M5-620
Rocket (XM)	M900	M2	M3	M5
Rocket (XW)				M5
Rocket Titanium		M2		M5
Rocket Titanium (XW)				M5
TP-Link				
CPE		CPE210		CPE510
-				
GREEN = "GO"	AREDN Supported			
RED="STOP"	No Compatibility or Support			
ORANGE="CAUTION"	High Confidence of compatibil	ity. Included in current releas	e, but not rigorously tested	
YELLOW="RESEARCHING	<mark>3</mark> " Under research for future supp	ort consideration.		
GREY="N/A"	No such device			
**	In beta			





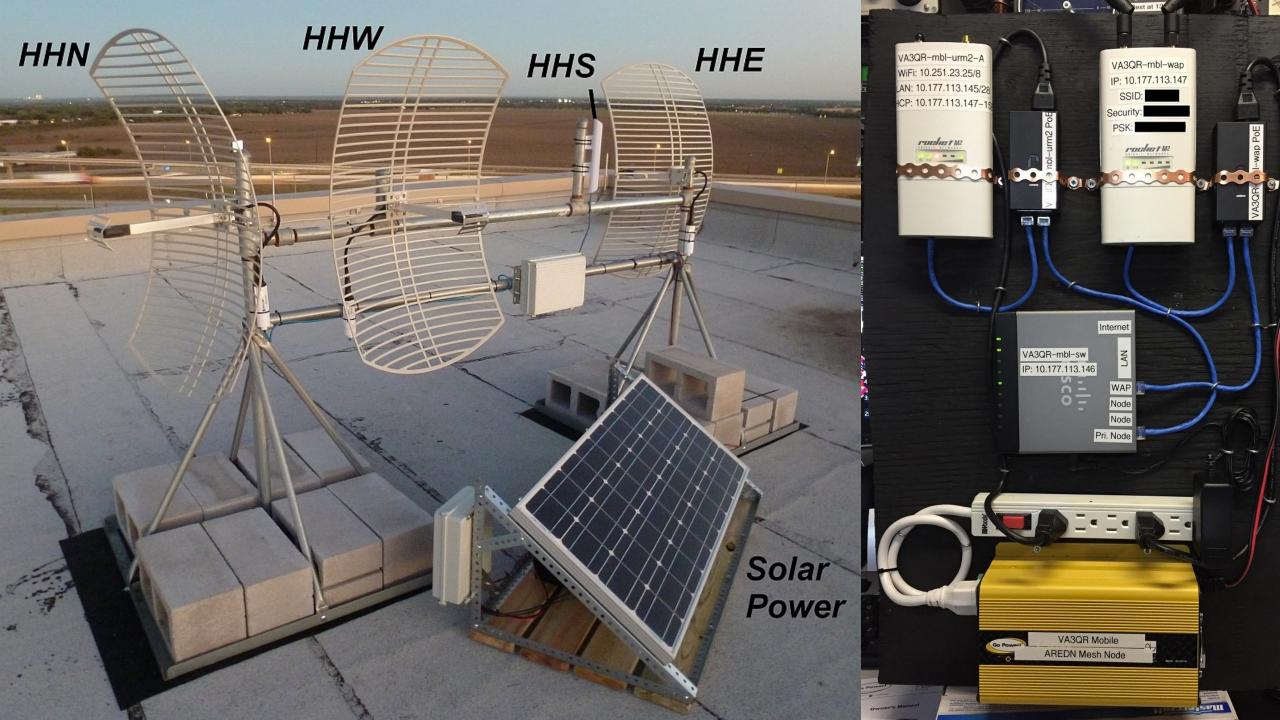
Device-To-Device (DtD) Linking

Three+ Node Site w/Non-802.1q VLAN Switch



*CALITION: Do not clasble DHCP on ALL nodes!

April 19, 3018



Power

- Use the supplied 240/120 -> 24v.
- Solar w/ battery for a 12 or 24v system
 - Managed charging or unmanaged?
 - Fixed solar panel

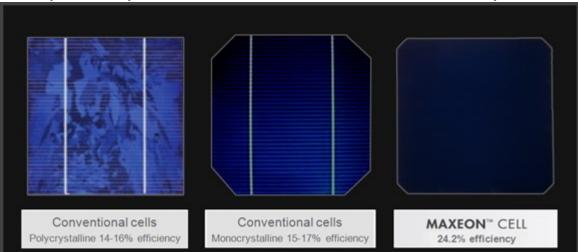
~25w 1node

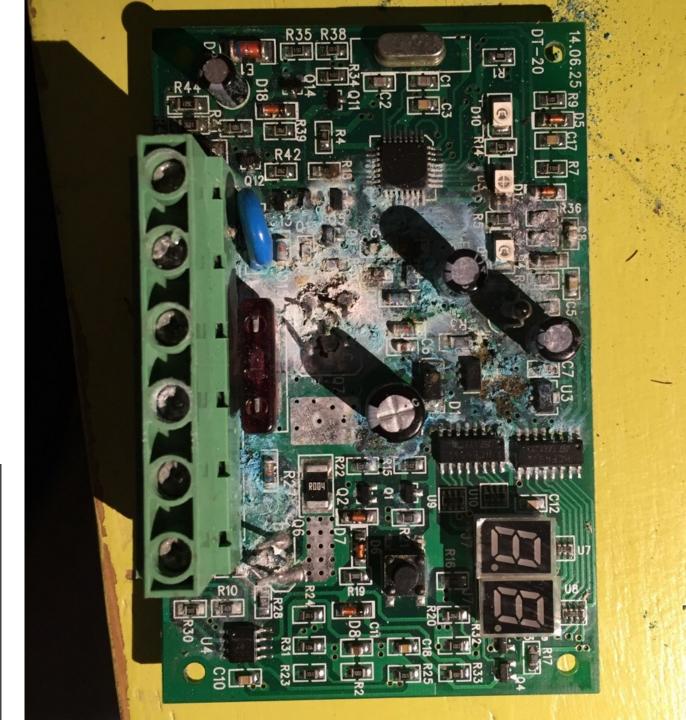
~50w 2node

You need to figure out you power consumption margin for Winter and Summer at a site.

Weather proofing →

Buy Local panels like Sun Power, or Solar City!

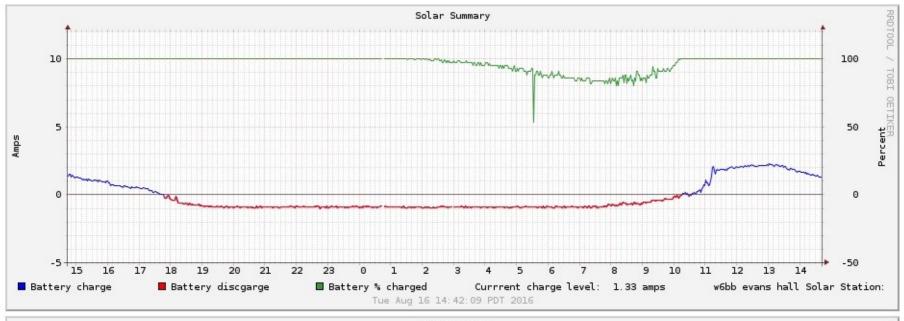


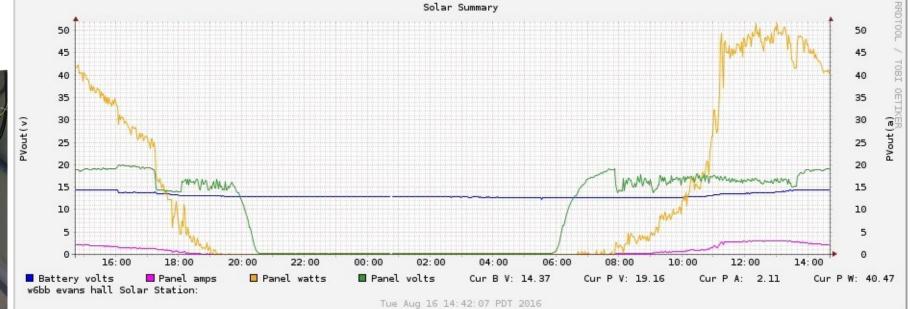




Solar Power Activity for the Past 24 Hours

This page will automatically refresh every minute

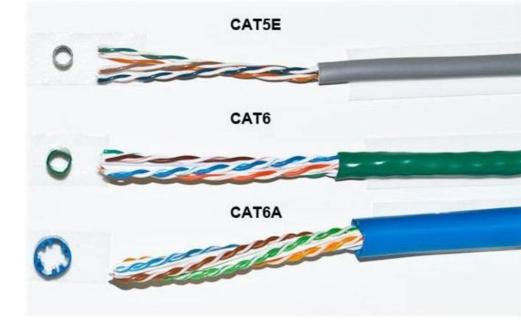


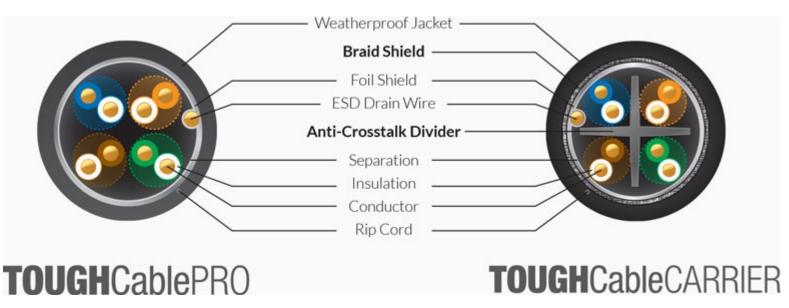


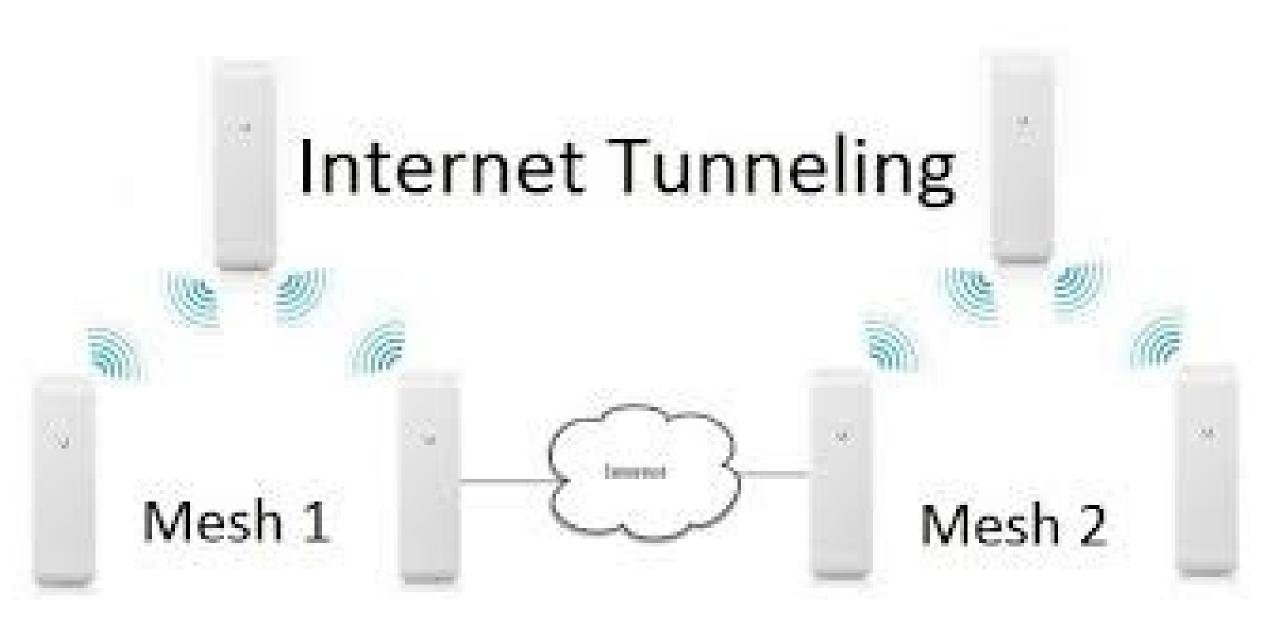
Cable

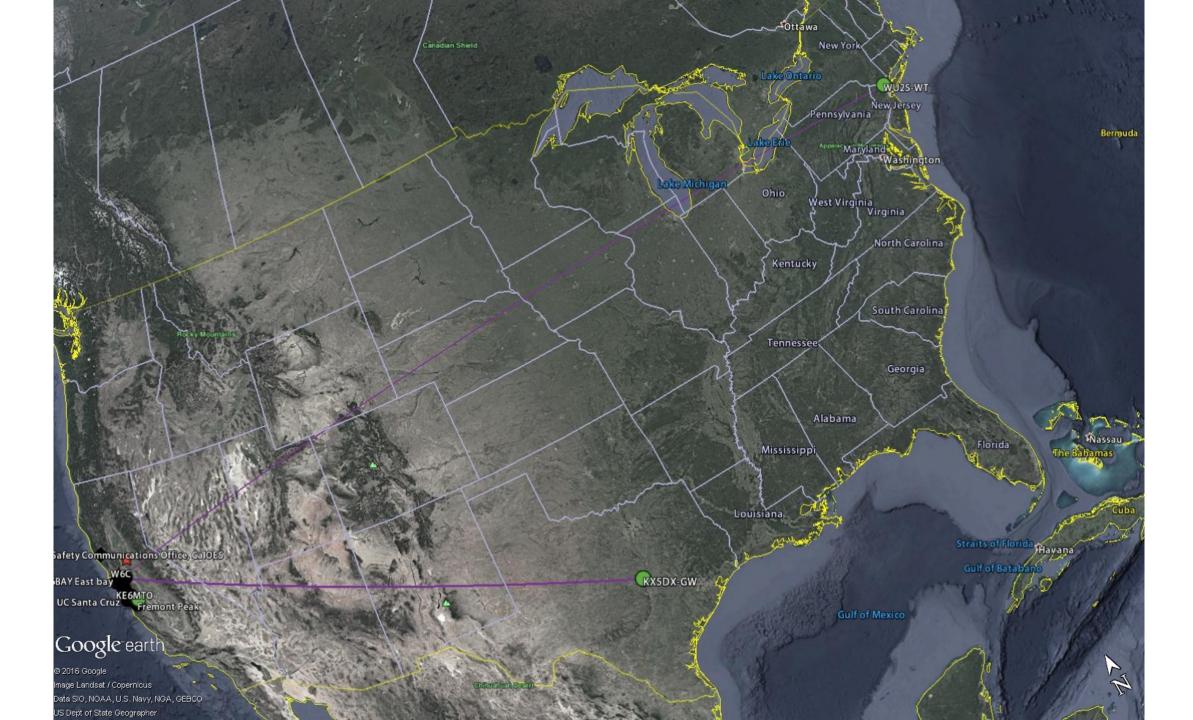
- Cat6 utp (unshielded twisted pair w/ crosstalk protection)
- Cat5e / Cat6a is ANSI/TIA-568-C.1 (crosstalk protection, unshielded)
- Cate 7a (crosstalk and EMI protection w/ Overall Cable Shield)
- Shielded connectors
- Nodes shielded (Titanium models)
- Near field antenna separation.

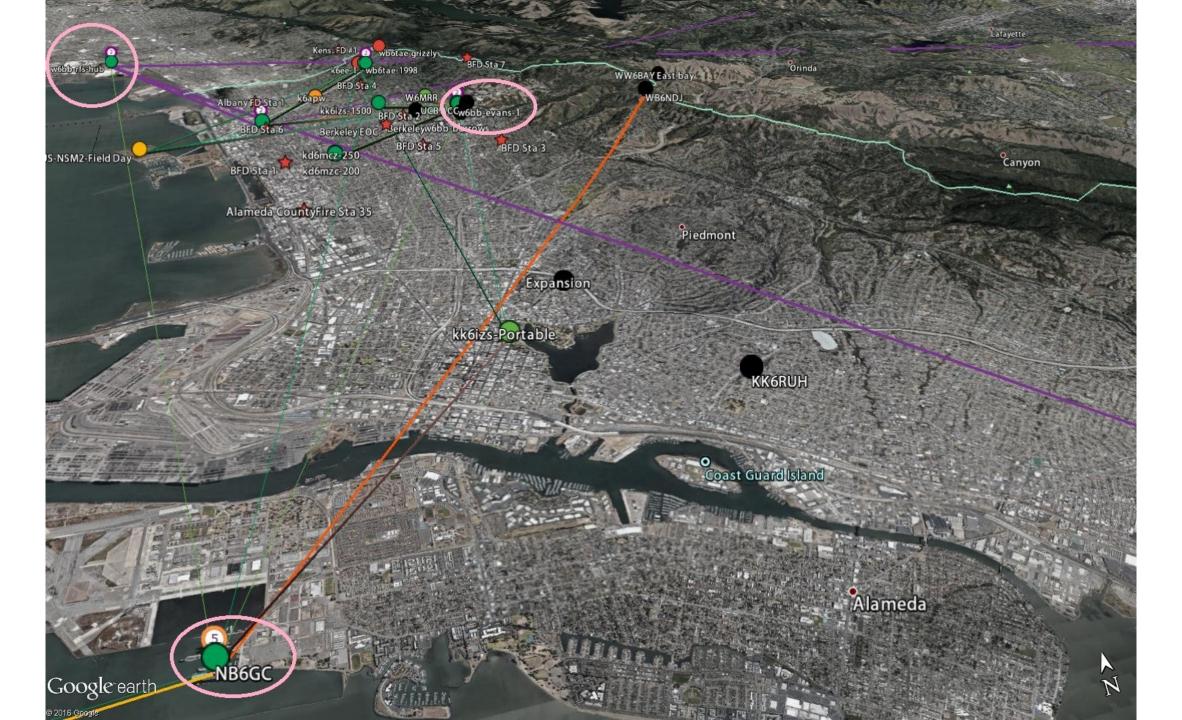










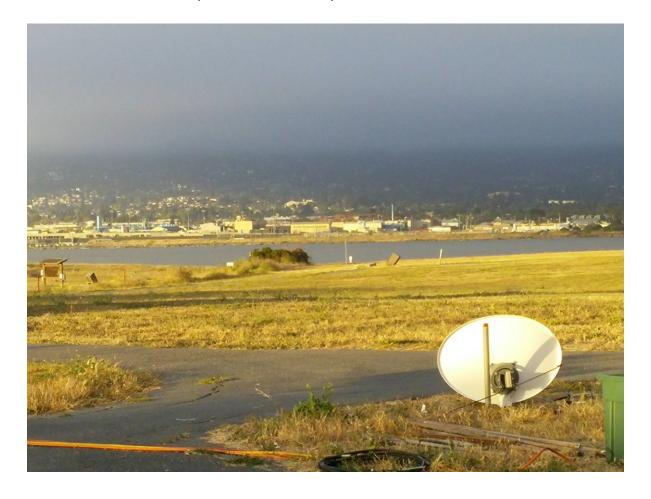


Applications that can run on a mesh

- ANY program that runs on a TCP/IP network
- (exceptions: Bandwidth of the RFlink, Multicast traffic, internet access)
- VOIP PBXs (RPi image)
- IRLP, Echolink
- IP cameras (bandwidth allowing)
- Mesh Chat (web based group text chat that runs on the node or RPi)
- Ham chat (web page that runs on the node)
- APRS
- Incident command tickets
- Software defined Radios RX/TX
- Map cashing

W6CUS FD 2015 & 2016

portable operation



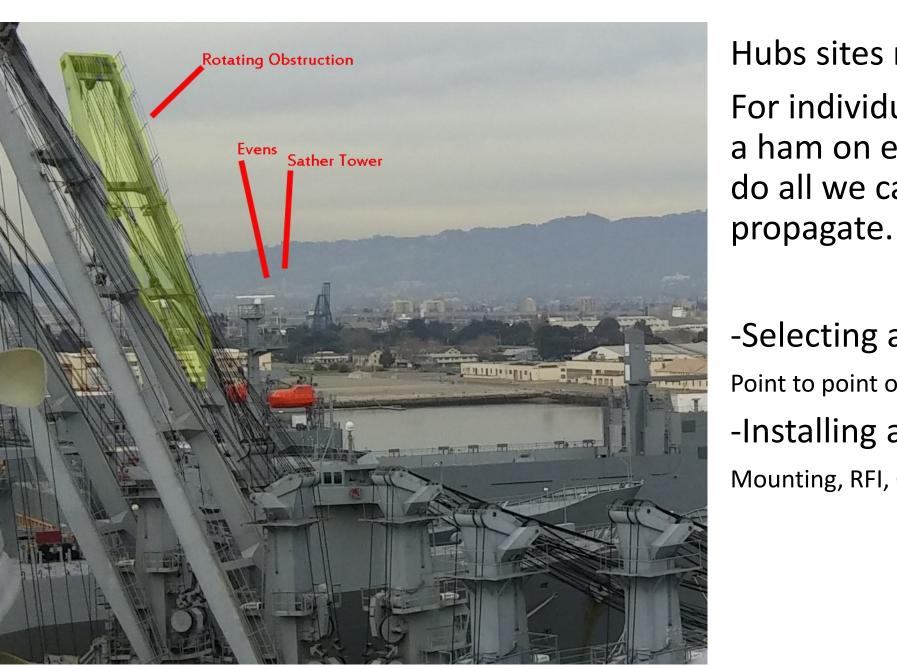


Trees, Trees, Cranes, Buildings, Not enough elevation

We live in an urban environment.



Potential problems when we establishing site on the mesh



Hubs sites need good coverage!!! For individual nodes we don't have a ham on every block! We have to do all we can to get our signals to

-Selecting a site.

Point to point or point to multi point.

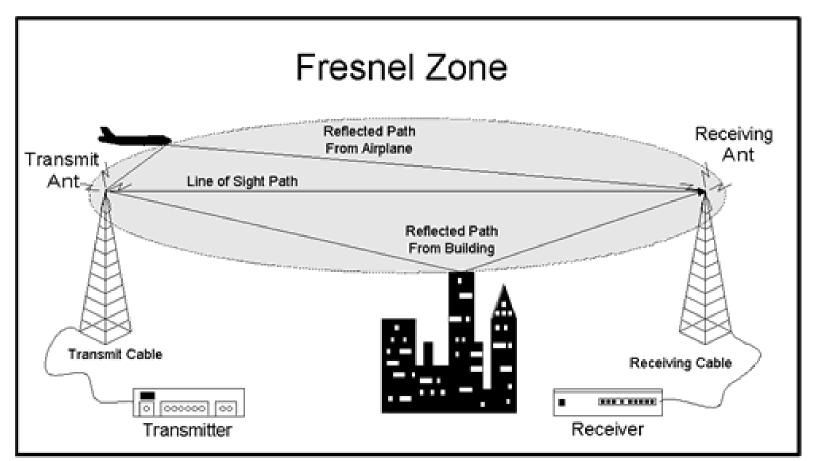
-Installing a site

Mounting, RFI, Collocated nodes.



Microwave Propagation

- LOS Line Of Sight & reflections off large surfaces like Buildings!
- I hear you but you don't hear Me.
- Directional Antennas with GAIN!!!! With more gain comes a directional pattern with noise rejection.



Antennas / Effective Power (transmitter dbm) + (Antenna dbi) = total dBm

NanostationLOCO M2 (~28dbm) + (NSM2 8dbi) = 36dbm

Nanobridge M2 18dbi dish (~28dbm) + (18dbi) = 46dbm

dBm	Watts	dBm	Watts	dBm	Watts
0	1.0 mW	16	40 mW	32	1.6 W
1	1.3 mW	17	50 mW	33	2.0 W
2	1.6 mW	18	63 mW	34	2.5 W
3	2.0 mW	19	79 mW	35	3.2 W
4	2.5 mW	20	100 mW	36	4.0 W
5	3.2 mW	21	126 mW	37	5.0 W
6	4 mW	22	158 mW	38	6.3 W
7	5 mW	23	200 mW	39	8.0 W
8	6 mW	24	250 mW	40	10 W
9	8 mW	25	316 mW	41	13 W
10	10 mW	26	398 mW	42	16 W
11	13 mW	27	500 mW	43	20 W
12	16 mW	28	630 mW	44	25 W
13	20 mW	29	800 mW	45	32 W
14	25 mW	30	1.0 W	46	40 W
15	32 mW	31	1.3 W	47	50 W

Omni Coverage with some gain

You cant aim what dbm you have.

They have no rejection of noise.

About 500m in range

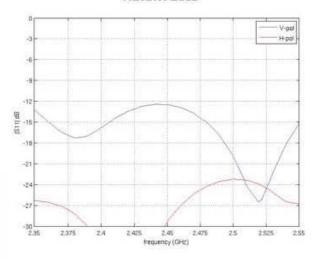


13 dBi

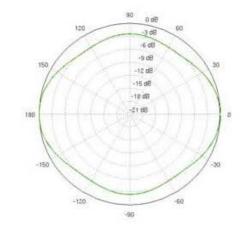


AMO-2G10 Antenna Information

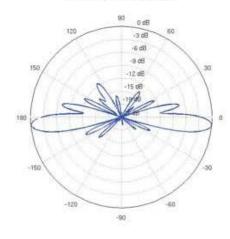




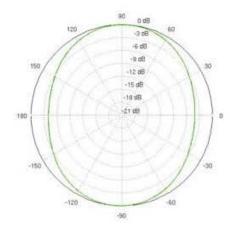
Vertical Azimuth



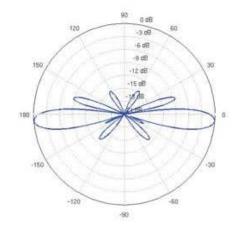
Vertical Elevation



Horizontal Azimuth



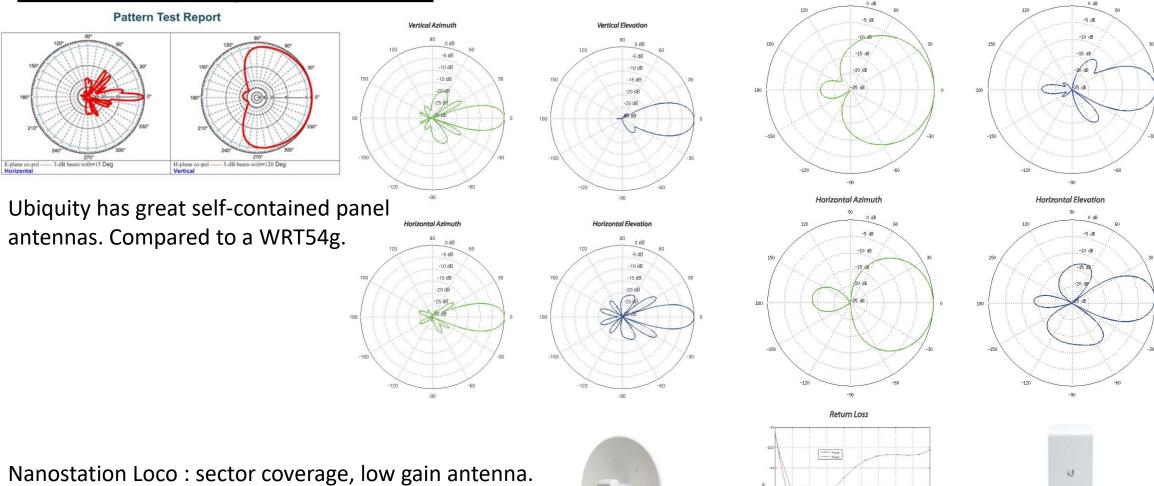
Horizontal Elevation



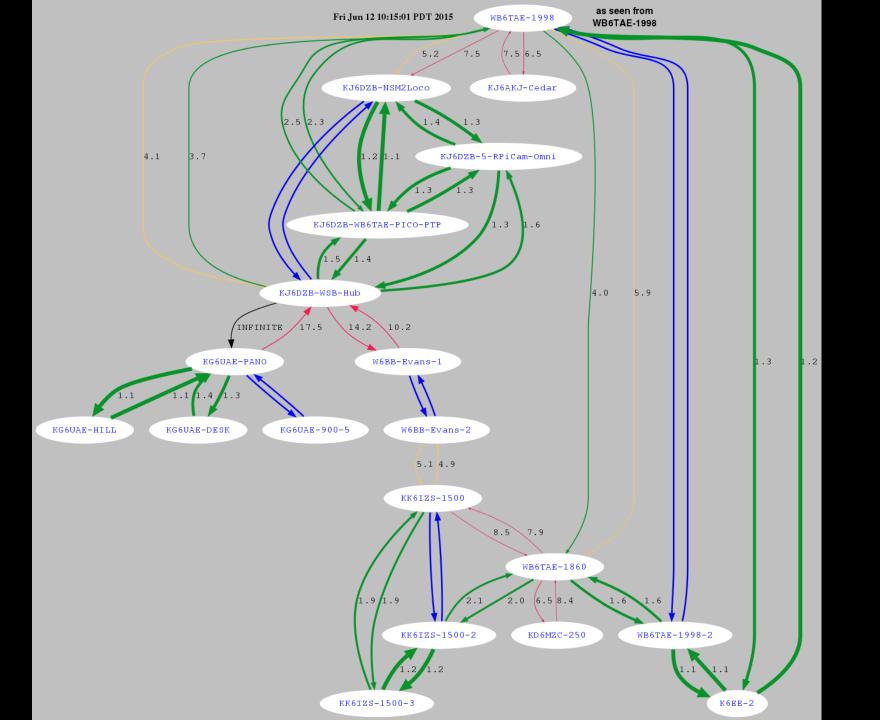
Directional Higain Antenna

Nano Stations: sector antenna, ~11dbi antenna!!

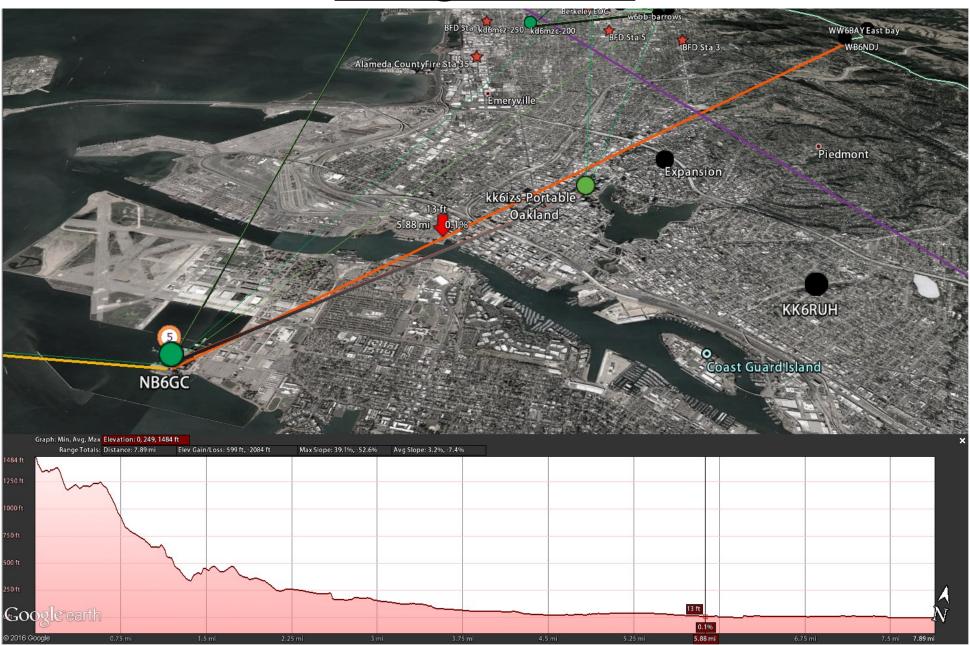
NanoBridge: Beam antenna +18dbi of gain!!



Rockets allows you to pick the antenna that your site needs, it will cost you a bit more.

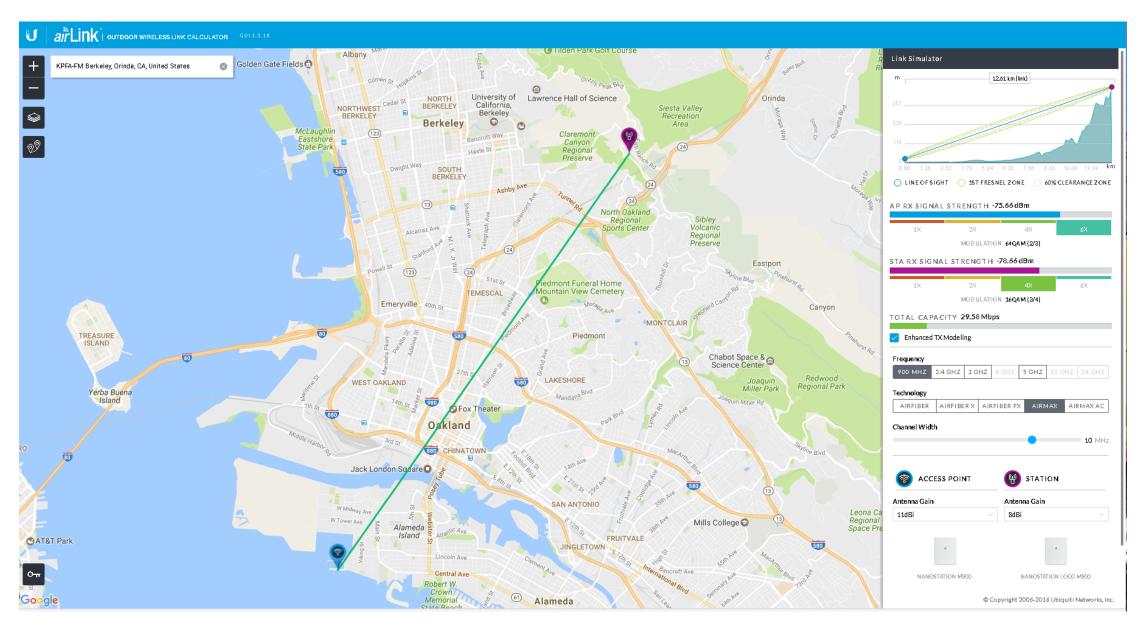


Google Earth



Air Link

https://airlink.ubnt.com/#/



Live Maps

https://drive.google.com/open?id=1rfx3IF57xqq0zwgz0viPZha40kU&usp=sharing

http://data.aredn.org/map.kml?

THE END