

FCC PART 15 SUBPART C  
EMI MEASUREMENT AND TEST REPORT



For

AeroComm, Inc.

10981 Eicher Drive  
Lenexa, KS 66219

**FCC ID: KQLAC4490-100**

2003-05-22

<b>This Report Concerns:</b> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Original Report	<b>Equipment Type:</b> 900MHz Transceiver
<b>Test Engineer:</b> Benjamin Jing / 	
<b>Report No.:</b> R0305053	
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## 1 - GENERAL INFORMATION

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### 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

The *AeroComm, Inc.* 's product, model no.:AC4490 or the "EUT" as referred to this report is a 900 MHz Transceiver which is measured approximately 4.8"L x 1.7"W x 0.8"H. The EUT provides an asynchronous TTL level serial interface for OEM Host communications. Communications include both system and configuration data. The Host supplies system data for transmission to other Host(s). Configuration data is stored in an onboard EEPROM. All frequency hopping, synchronization, and RF system data transmission/reception is performed by the transceiver.

*\* The test data gathered is from typical production samples provided by the manufacturer.*

### 1.2 Objective

This type approval report is prepared on behalf of *AeroComm, Inc.* in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, Part 15, Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The objective of the manufacturer is to demonstrate compliance with C108.8 & RSS-210 rules for the bluetooth transmitter:

- Maximum Peak Output Power
- Hopping Channel Separation
- Number of Hopping Frequency Used
- 20 dB Bandwidth
- Dwell Time on Each Channel
- 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edge
- Conducted Emission
- Spurious Emission
- Radiated Emission
- Antenna Requirement
- RF Exposure Limit

### 1.3 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

No Related Submittals.

### 1.4 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.4-1992, American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz.

All radiated and conducted emissions measurement was performed at BACL. The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

## 1.5 Test Facility

The Open Area Test site used by BACL to collect radiated and conducted emission measurement data is located in the back parking lot of the building at 230 Commercial Street, Sunnyvale, California, USA.

Test site at BACL has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and Voluntary Control Council for Interference (VCCI). The details of these reports has been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on February 11 and December 10, 1997 and Article 8 of the VCCI regulations on December 25, 1997. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-1992.

The Federal Communications Commission and Voluntary Control Council for Interference has the reports on file and is listed under FCC file 31040/SIT 1300F2 and VCCI Registration No.: C-1298 and R-1234. The test site has been approved by the FCC and VCCI for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

Additionally, BACL is a National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) accredited laboratory, under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accredited Program (Lab Code 200167-0). The scope of the accreditation covers the FCC Method - 47 CFR Part 15 - Digital Devices, CISPR 22: 1997: Electromagnetic Interference - Limits and Methods of Measurement of Information Technology Equipment test methods.

## 1.6 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Cal. Due Date
HP	Spectrum Analyzer	8568B	2517A01610	2003-10-30
HP	Spectrum Analyzer	8593A	29190A00242	2004-05-01
HP	Amplifier	8447E	1937A01054	2004-05-01
HP	Quasi-Peak Adapter	85650A	2521A00718	2004-05-01
Com-Power	Biconical Antenna	AB-100	14012	2004-05-01
Com-Power	Log Periodic Antenna	AL-100	16091	2004-05-01
Com-Power	Log Periodic Antenna	AB-900	15049	2004-05-01
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer (9KHz – 40GHz)	8564E	08303	2003-08-01
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer (9KHz – 50GHz)	8565EC	06042	2004-05-03
HP	Amplifier (1-26.5GHz)	8449B	3147A00400	2004-03-14
A.H.System	Horn Antenna (700MHz-18GHz)	SAS-200/571	261	2003-05-31

\* **Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratory Corp. certifies that all calibration has been performed using suitable standards traceable to the NIST.

**1.7 Local Support Equipment List and Details**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	FCC ID
HP	PC	Vectra	N/A	DOC
KDS	Monitor	KD-1731	N/A	DOC
HP	Keyboard	5129	N/A	DOC
Compaq	Mouse	B0192	N/A	DOC

**1.8 External I/O Cabling List and Details**

Cable Description	Length (M)	Port/From	To
Shielded Cable	2.0	RS232 Port/PC	RS232 Port/EUT
Shielded Cable	1.0	Keyboard/PC	Keyboard
Shielded Cable	1.0	Mouse/PC	Mouse
Shielded Cable	1.0	Monitor/PC	Monitor

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## **2 - SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION**

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### **2.1 Justification**

The host system was configured for testing in a typical fashion (as a normally used by a typical user).

The EUT was tested in the normal (native) operating mode to represent *worst*-case results during the final qualification test.

### **2.2 EUT Exercise Software**

The EUT exercising program used during radiated and conducted testing was designed to exercise the various system components in a manner similar to a typical use. The test software provided by the customer, is started the Windows XP terminal program under the Windows XP operating system.

### **2.3 Special Accessories**

As shown in section 2.7, all interface cables used for compliance testing are shielded as normally supplied by their respective support equipment manufacturers.

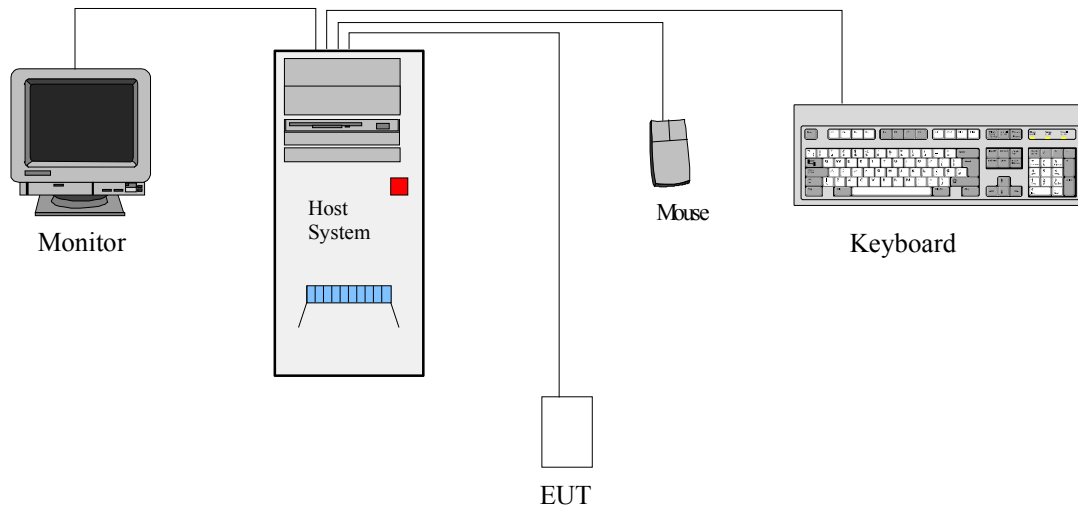
### **2.4 Schematics / Block Diagram**

Please refer to Exhibit D.

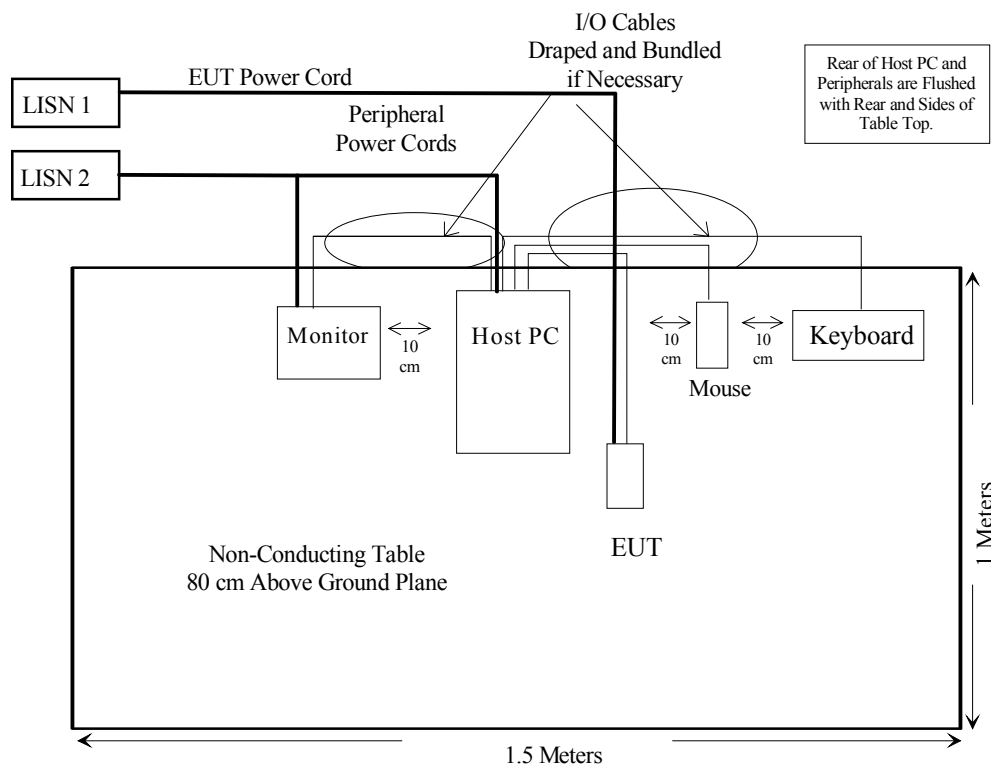
### **2.5 Equipment Modifications**

No modifications were made by BACL Corporation to ensure the EUT to comply with the applicable limits and requirements.

### 2.6 Configuration of Test System



### 2.7 Test Setup Block Diagram





### 3 - SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC RULES	DESCRIPTION OF TEST	RESULT	REFERENCE
§ 2.1093	RF Safety Requirements	Compliant	Section 14
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant	Section 13
§15.207 (a)	Conducted Emission	Compliant	Section 12
§ 15.205	Restricted Bands	Compliant	Section 11
§15.247 (a) (1) (i)	Number of Hopping Frequencies Used	Compliant	Section 6
§15.209	Radiated Emission	Compliant	Section 11
§15.209, §15.33 (a)	Spurious Emission at Antenna Port	Compliant	Section 10
§15.247 (a) (1)	Hopping Channel Separation	Compliant	Section 7
§15.247 (a) (1) (i)	Dwell Time of Each Frequency within a 10 Second Period of time (0.4 x Number of Channel)	Compliant	Section 9
§15.247 (a) (1)	Channel Bandwidth	Compliant	Section 5
§15.247 (b) (2)	Maximum Peak Output Power	Compliant	Section 4
§ 15.247 (c)	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant	Section 8
§ 15.247 (g)	Full and complete compliance with applicable requirements for FHSS. Compliance with the definition of frequency hopping system, distribute transmission over minimum number of hopping channel	Compliant	Technical Manual
§ 15.247 (h)	Limitation on avoidance on hopping on occupied channel	Compliant	Technical Manual

## 4 - MAXIMUM PEAK OUTPUT POWER

### 4.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(b) (2), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928MHz band : 0.25 watts for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels.

### 4.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Place the EUT on the turntable and set it in transmitting mode.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum analyzer.

### 4.3 Test Equipment

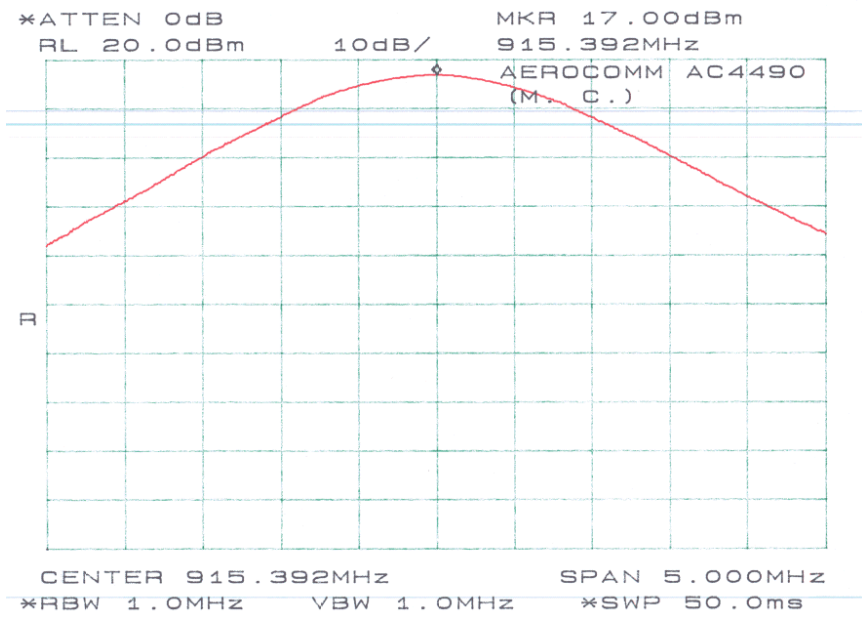
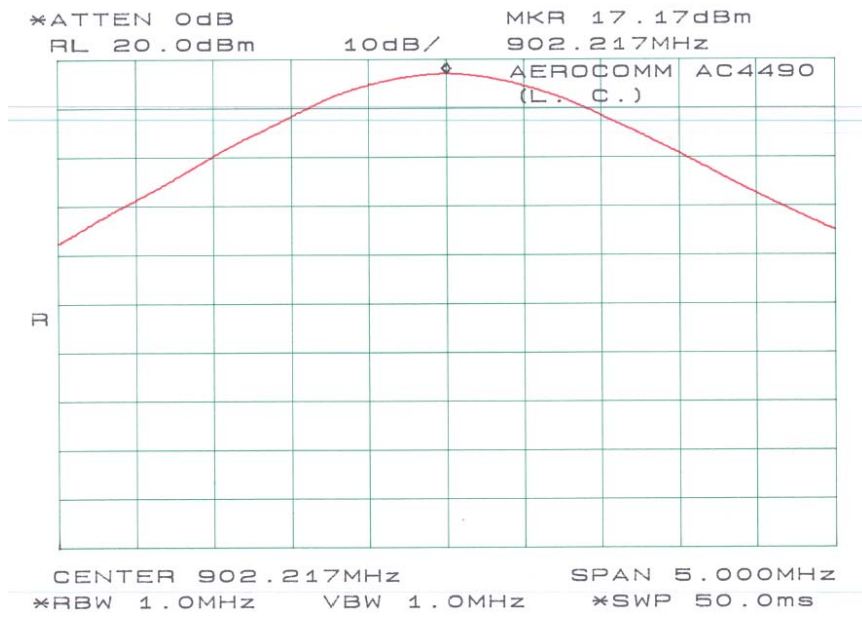
Manufacturer	Model No.	Description	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	Spectrum Analyzer	2003-08-01

### 4.4 Measurement Result

Frequency	Output Power in dBm	Output Power in W	Standard	Result
Low	17.17	0.052	≤ 0.25W	Compliant
Middle	17.00	0.050	≤ 0.25W	Compliant
High	16.17	0.041	≤ 0.25W	Compliant

### 4.5 Plots of Maximum Peak Output Power

Please refer to following plots.





## 5 - CHANNEL BANDWIDTH

### 5.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

### 5.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 5.3 Test Equipment

Manufacturer	Model No.	Description	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	Spectrum Analyzer	2003-08-01

### 5.4 Measurement Result

Frequency	Measurement (kHz)	Standard	Result
Low	328	≤ 1MHz	Compliant
Middle	320	≤ 1MHz	Compliant
High	330	≤ 1MHz	Compliant

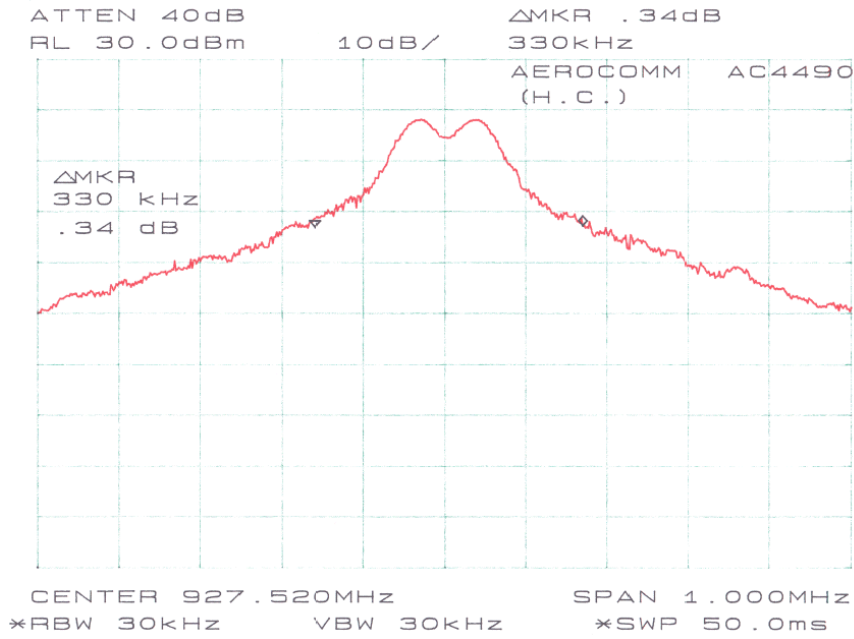
### 5.5 Receiver Bandwidth

The "RF engine" from which our radio is based, has an internal IF filter as part of the integrated transceiver chip. The width of the IF filter is specified by Chipcon to be 150kHz (See "IF Section" page 9 of Chipcon SmartRF CC1010 PRELIMINARY Datasheet rev1.0 - @www.chipcon.com ).

Using FSK frequency deviation of +/- 32kHz, the measured 20dB bandwidth of the transmitter envelope is approximately 145kHz (which nicely matches the receiver's IF Bandwidth of 150 kHz).

Since our channel spacing is approximately 525kHz, there is no overlap between transmitter channels or receiver bandwidths.





## **6 - NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY USED**

### **6.1 Standard Applicable**

According to §15.247(a)(1)(i), frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928Mhz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies.

### **6.2 Measurement Procedure**

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT on the bench without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set the SA on Max-Hold Mode, and then keep the EUT in hopping mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
4. Set the SA on View mode and then plot the result on SA screen.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### **6.3 Test Equipment**

Manufacturer	Model No.	Description	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	Spectrum Analyzer	2003-08-01

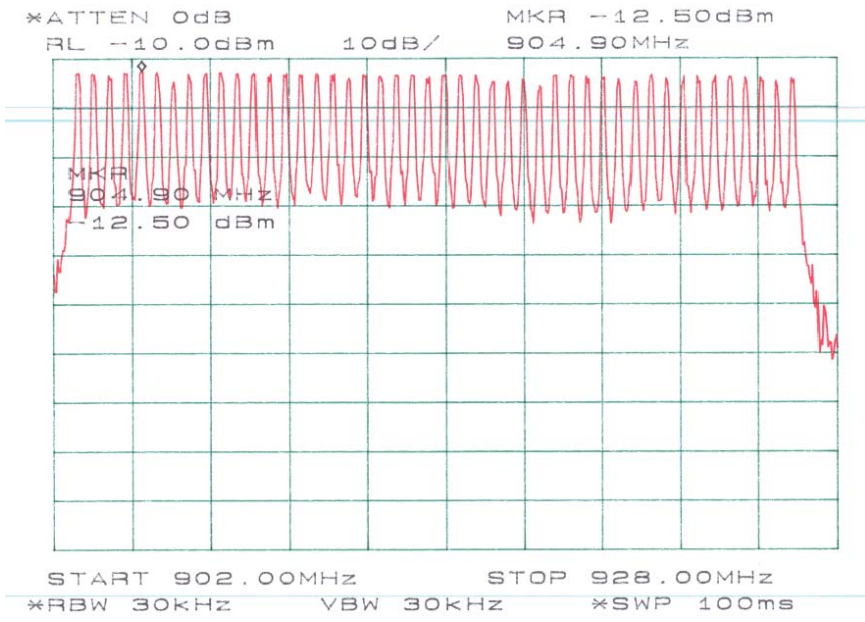
### **6.4 Measurement Procedure**

Measurement	Standard	Result
46	25	Compliant

### **6.5 Plots of Number of Hopping Frequency**

Please refer to the attached plots.





## 7 - HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION

### 7.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping system shall have, hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudorandomly ordered list of hopping frequencies.

### 7.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT on a bench without connection to measurement instrument Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range.
3. By using the Max-Hold function record the separation of two adjacent channels.
4. Measure the frequency difference of these two adjacent channels by SA MARK function, and then plot the result on SA screen.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 7.3 Test Equipment

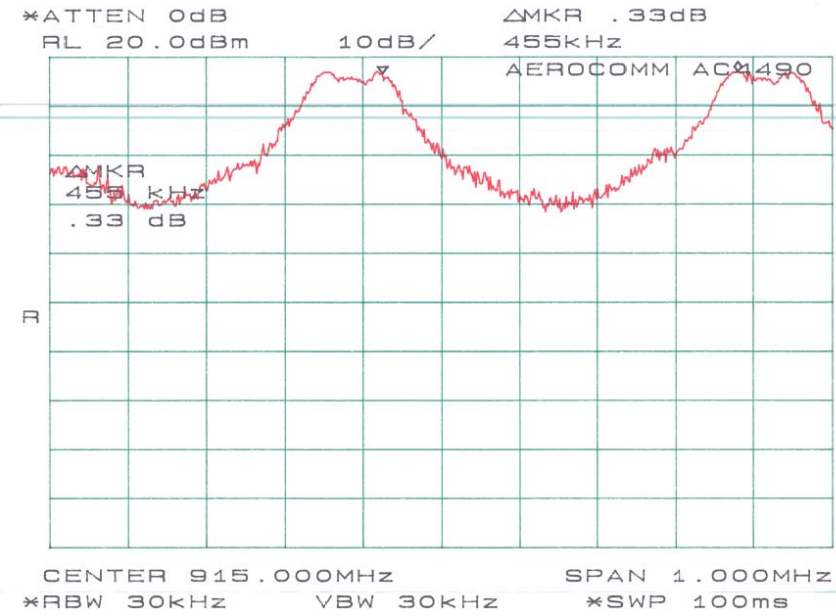
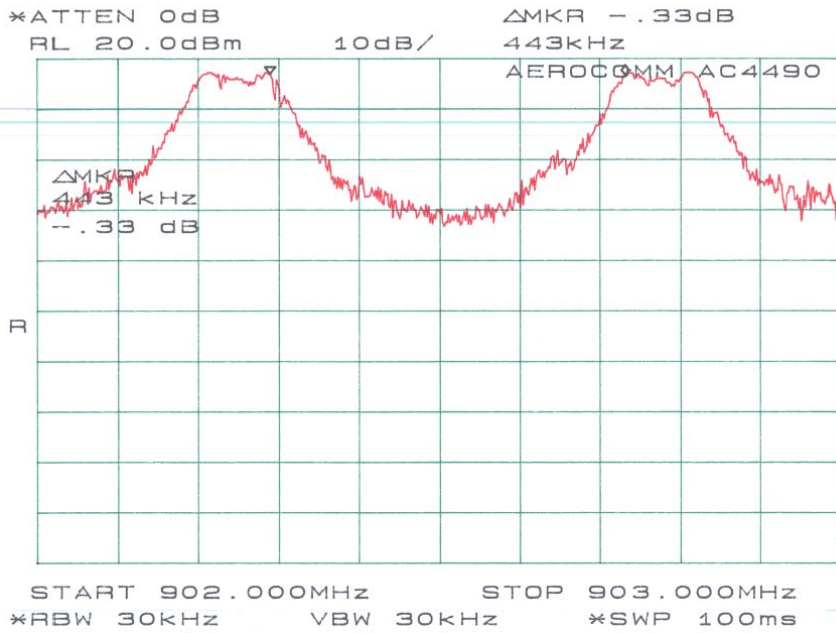
Manufacturer	Model No.	Description	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	Spectrum Analyzer	2003-08-01

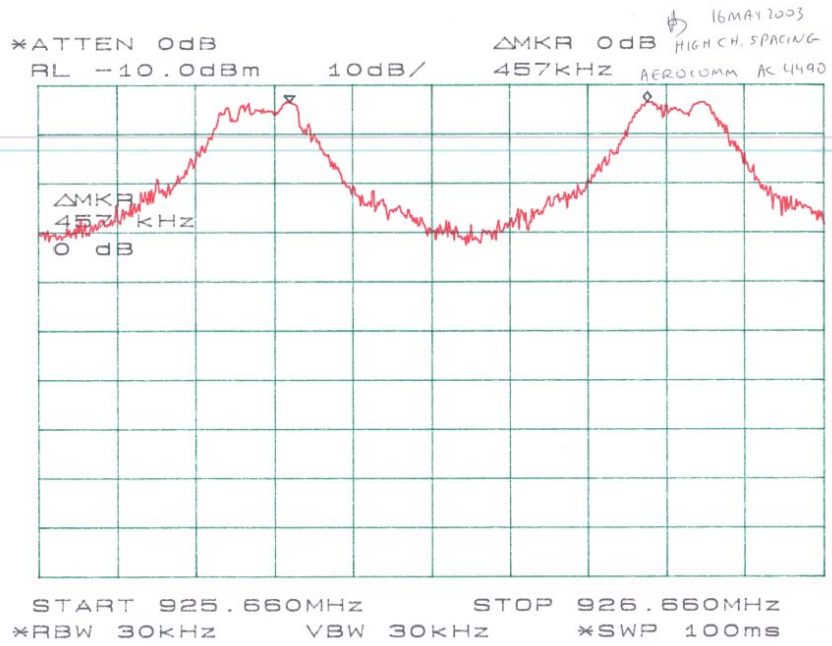
### 7.4 Measurement Results

Frequency	Measurement (kHz)	Result
Low	443	Compliant
Middle	455	Compliant
High	457	Compliant

### 7.5 Plots of Hopping Channel Separation

Please refer to the following plots.





## **8 - 100 KHZ BANDWIDTH OF BAND EDGES**

### **8.1 Standard Applicable**

According to §15.247(c), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required.

### **8.2 Measurement Procedure**

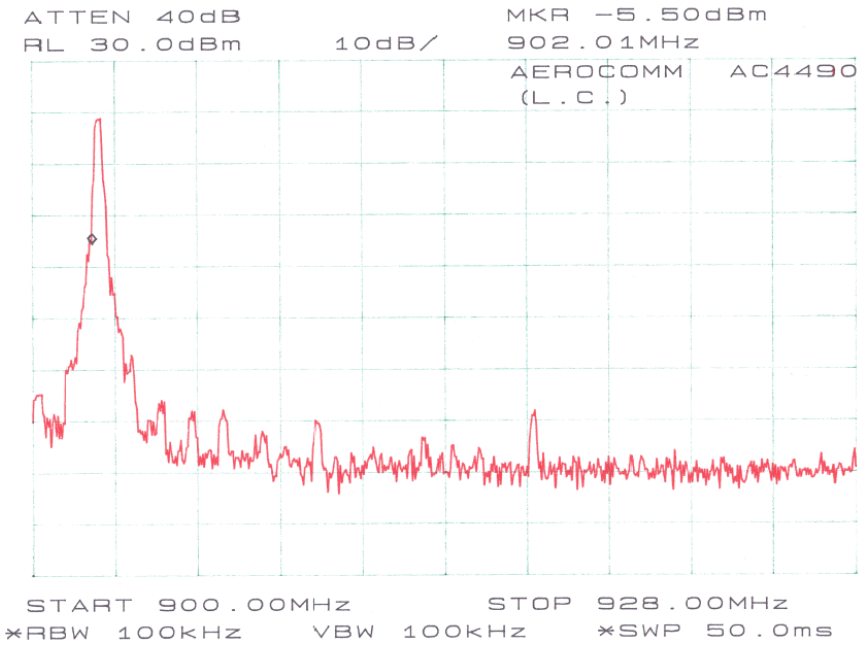
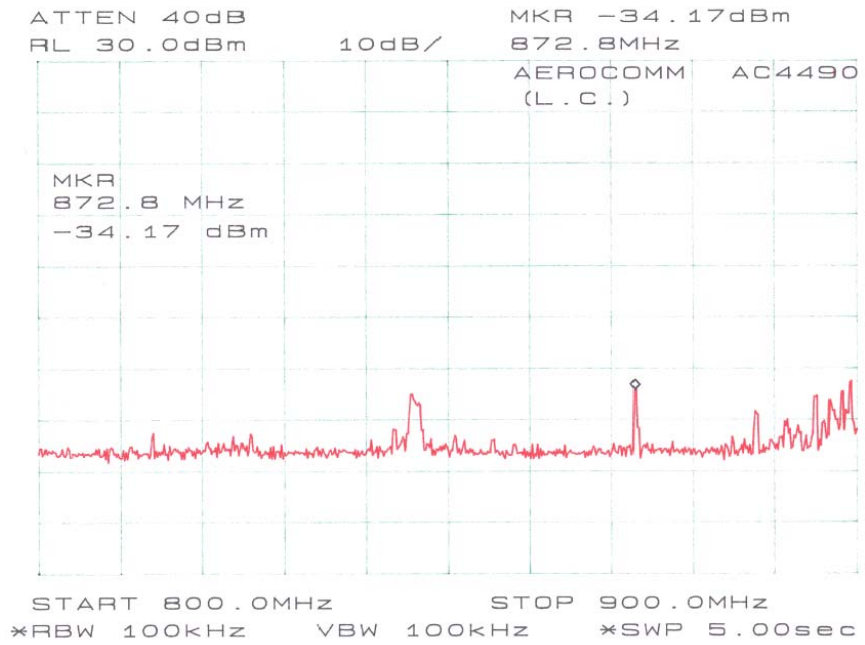
1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 300 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

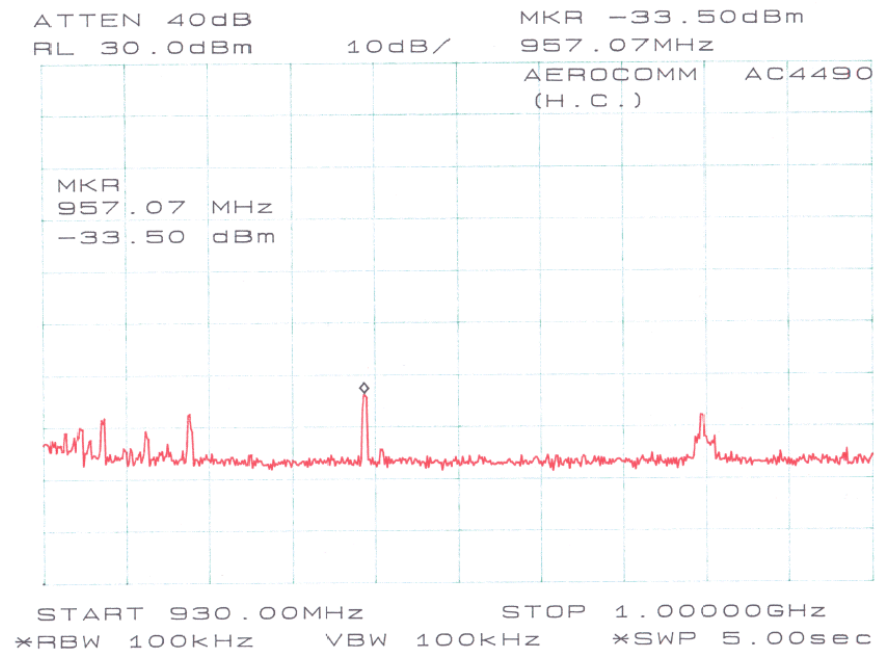
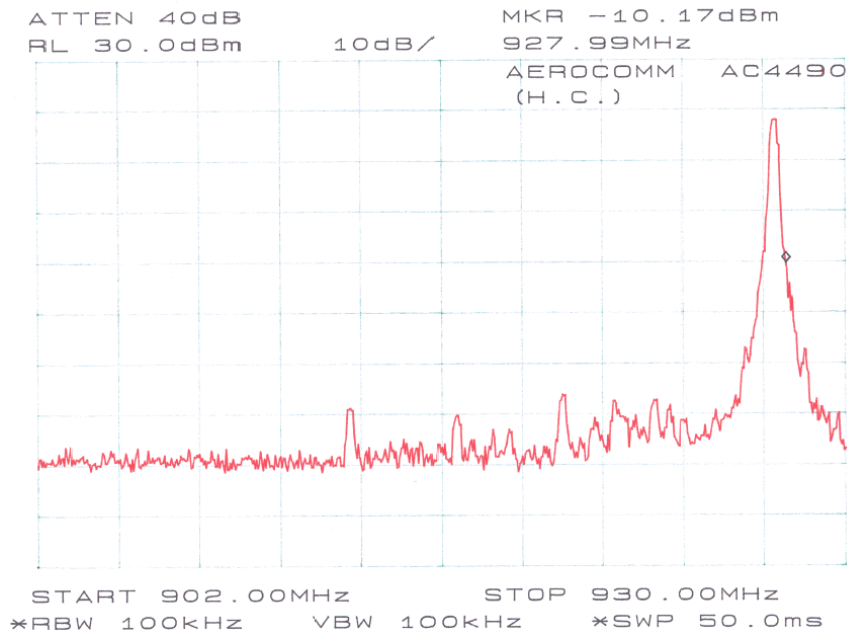
### **8.3 Test Equipment**

Manufacturer	Model No.	Description	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	Spectrum Analyzer	2003-08-01

### **8.4 Measurement Results**

Please refer the following plots.





## 9 - DWELL TIME

### 9.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.247 (a)(1)(i), the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a 10 second period.

### 9.2 Measurement Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT was set without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Adjust the center frequency of SA on any frequency be measured and set SA to zero span mode. And then, set RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to proper value.
4. Measure the time duration of one transmission on the measured frequency. And then plot the result with time difference of this time duration.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

### 9.3 Test Equipment

Manufacturer	Model No.	Description	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	Spectrum Analyzer	2003-08-01

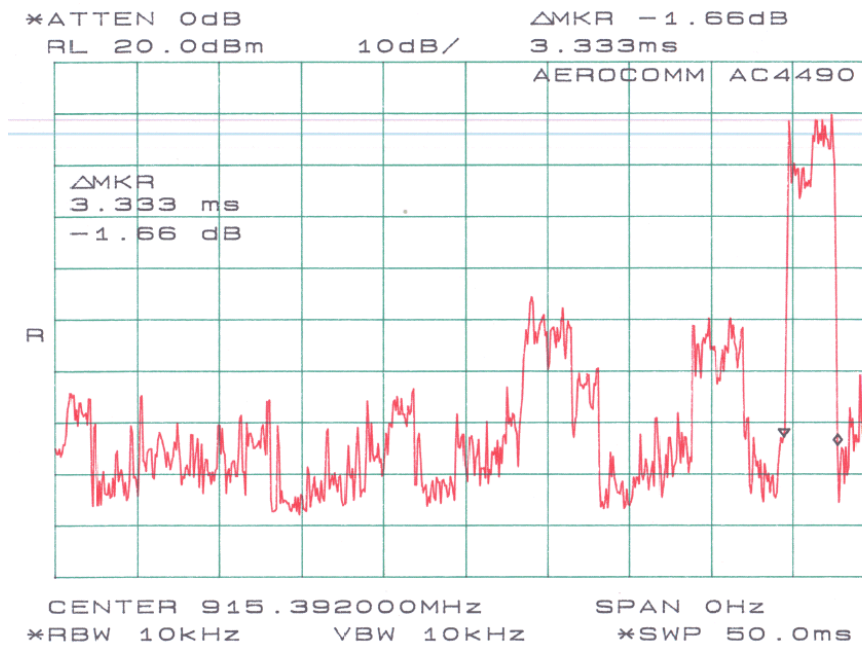
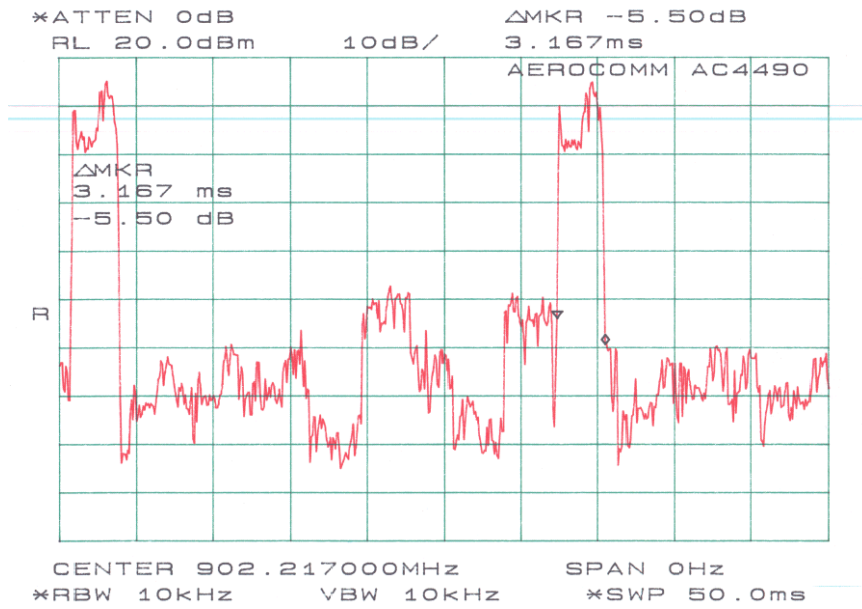
### 9.4 Measurement Results

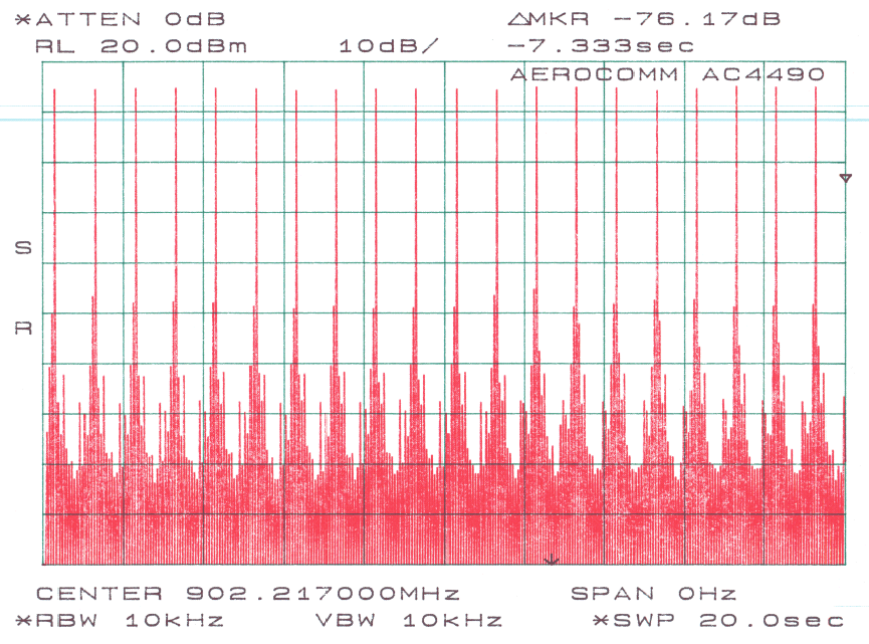
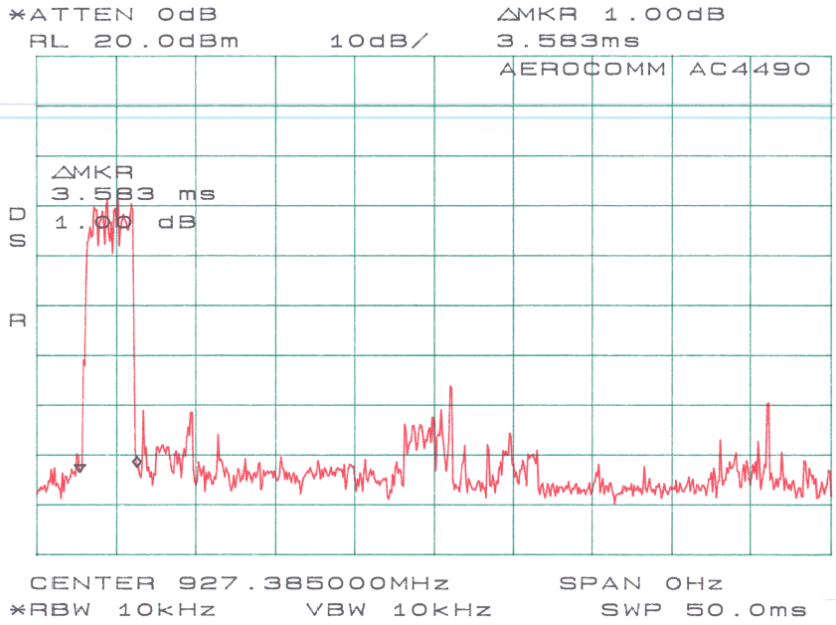
The dwell time is  $1.333/46 \times 3.583 = 0.124$  (s)

### 9.5 Plots of Dwell Time

Please refer the following plots.









## 10 - SPURIOUS EMISSION AT ANTENNA PORT

### 10.1 Standard Applicable

According to §15.209 (f) and §15.33(a), in some cases the emissions from an intentional radiator must be measured to beyond the tenth harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency designed to be emitted by the intentional radiator because of the incorporation of a digital device. If measurements above the tenth harmonic are so required, the radiated emissions above the tenth harmonic shall comply with the general radiated emission limits applicable to the incorporated digital device, as shown in §15.109 and as based on the frequency of the emission being measured, or, except for emissions contained in the restricted frequency bands shown in §15.205, the limit on spurious emissions specified for the intentional radiator, whichever is the higher limit.

### 10.2 Measurement Procedure

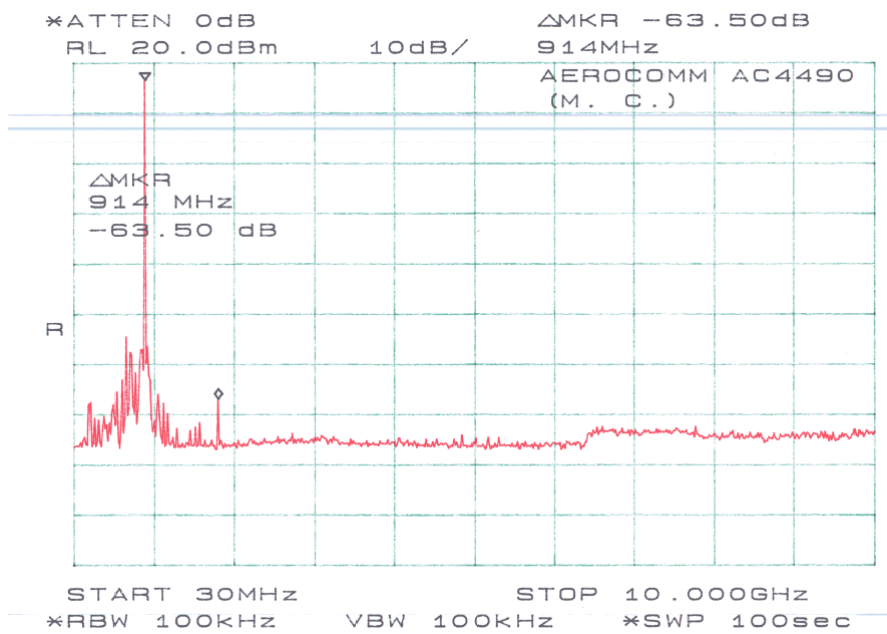
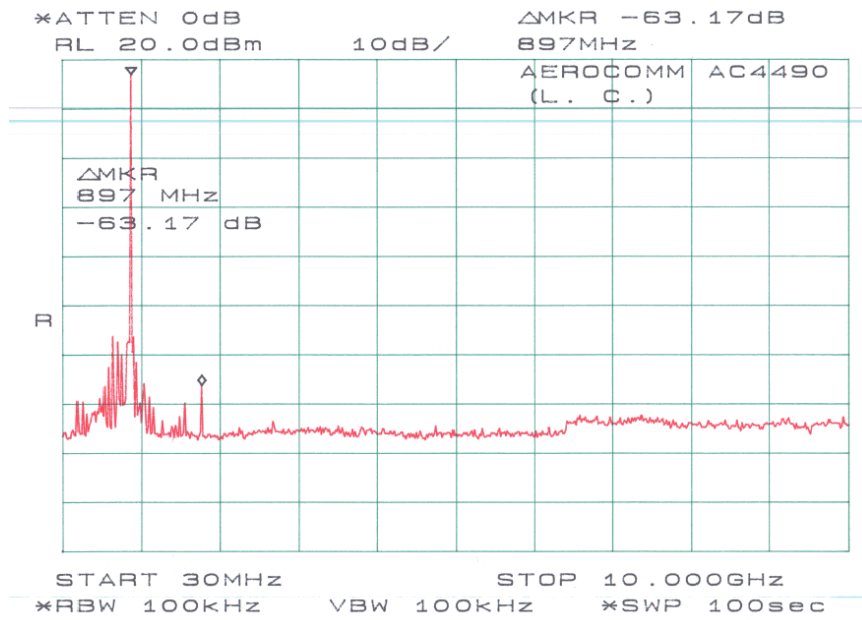
1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument (SA) using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT on a bench without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect its antenna terminal to measurement instrument via a low loss cable. Then set it to any one measured frequency within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set the SA on Max-Hold Mode, and then keep the EUT in transmitting mode. Record all the signals from each channel until each one has been recorded.
4. Set the SA on View mode and then plot the result on SA screen.
5. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

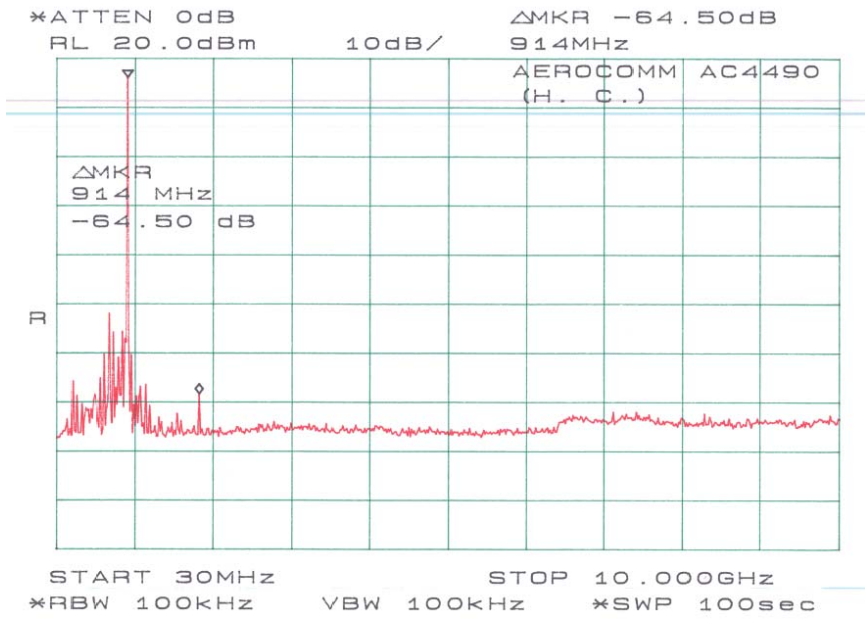
### 10.3 Test Equipment

Manufacturer	Model No.	Description	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	Spectrum Analyzer	2003-08-01
Com-Power	AL-100	Log Periodic Antenna	2004-05-01
Com-Power	AB-100	Biconical Antenna	2004-05-01
Com-Power	AB-900	Log Periodic Antenna	2004-05-01
A.H. System	SAS-200/571	Horn Antenna	2003-05-31

### 10.4 Measurement Results

Please refer to the following plots.





## 11 - RADIATED EMISSION

### 11.1 Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of a radiation emissions measurement at BACL is  $\pm 4.0$  dB.

### 11.2 Test Setup

The radiated emission tests were performed in the open area 3-meter test site, using the setup in accordance with the ANSI C63.4-1992. The specification used was the FCC 15 Subpart C limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 centimeters.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

The EUT was connected with 120Vac/60Hz power source.

### 11.3 Spectrum Analyzer Setup

According to FCC Rules, 47 CFR §15.33 (a) (1), the system was tested to 10000 MHz.

During the radiated emission test, the spectrum analyzer was set with the following configurations:

Start Frequency .....	30 MHz
Stop Frequency .....	10000 MHz
Sweep Speed .....	Auto
IF Bandwidth .....	1 MHz
Video Bandwidth .....	1 MHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth.....	120 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode .....	Normal
Resolution Bandwidth.....	1MHz

#### 11.4 Test Procedure

For the radiated emissions test, both the laptop and all peripheral power cords were connected to the AC floor outlet since the power supply used in the laptop did not provide an accessory power outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance is with all installation combinations.

All data was recorded in the peak detection mode. Quasi-peak readings was performed only when an emission was found to be marginal (within -4 dB $\mu$ V of specification limits), and are distinguished with a "Qp" in the data table.

#### 11.5 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Factor, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Amplitude reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$\text{Corr. Ampl.} = \text{Indicated Reading} + \text{Antenna Factor} + \text{Cable Factor} - \text{Amplifier Gain}$$

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7dB $\mu$ V means the emission is 7dB $\mu$ V below the maximum limit for Class B. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corr. Ampl.} - \text{Class B Limit}$$

#### 11.6 Test Equipment

Manufacturer	Model No.	Description	Calibration Due Date
Agilent	8564E	Spectrum Analyzer	2003-08-01

#### 11.7 Summary of Test Results

According to the data in section 11.8, the EUT complied with the FCC Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.205, 15.207, and 15.247, and had the worst margin of:

##### *For 161AM-915R Antenna*

- 5.0 dB at 1854.96 MHz in the **Vertical** polarization, Low Channel.
- 4.5 dB at 1830.78 MHz in the **Vertical** polarization, Middle Channel.
- 4.8dB at 1854.96 MHz in the **Vertical** polarization, High Channel.
- 3.0 dB at 208.44 MHz in the **Vertical** polarization, Unintentional Emission

##### *For Flavis 915 Antenna*

- 4.8 dB at 1854.96 MHz in the **Vertical** polarization, Low Channel.
- 5.0 dB at 1830.78 MHz in the **Horizontal** polarization, Middle Channel.
- 4.6dB at 1854.96 MHz in the **Horizontal** polarization, High Channel.
- 4.3 dB at 208.44 MHz in the **Vertical** polarization, Unintentional Emission



**11.8 Radiated Emission Test Data****11.8.1 EUT with S161AM-915R Antenna, 30MHz ~ 10 GHz, 3 Meters**

Frequency MHz	Indicated		Table Height Meter	Antenna		Correction Factor			FCC 15 Subpart C		
	Ampl. dB $\mu$ V/m	Direction Degree		Polar H/V	Antenna dB $\mu$ V/m	Cable Loss dB $\mu$ V/ m	Amp. dB	Corr. Ampl. dB $\mu$ V/m	Limit dB $\mu$ V/m	Margin dB	Mode
Low Channel											
902.22	112.2	180	1.2	V	24.8	3.0	25.0	115.0			FUND
902.22	104.9	110	1.5	H	24.8	3.0	25.0	107.7			FUND
1854.96	51.1	45	1.5	V	25.3	2.6	30.0	49.0	54	-5.0	AVG.
2782.44	45.2	150	1.2	V	29.0	3.7	30.0	47.9	54	-6.1	AVG.
1854.96	47.5	30	1.2	H	25.3	2.6	30.0	45.4	54	-8.6	AVG.
2782.44	42.3	230	1.5	H	29.0	3.7	30.0	45.0	54	-9.0	AVG.
1854.96	53.9	45	1.5	V	25.3	2.6	30.0	51.8	74	-22.2	PEAK
2782.44	48.7	150	1.2	V	29.0	3.7	30.0	51.4	74	-22.6	PEAK
1854.96	51.2	30	1.2	H	25.3	2.6	30.0	49.1	74	-24.9	PEAK
2782.44	45.5	230	1.5	H	29.0	3.7	30.0	48.2	74	-25.8	PEAK
Middle Channel											
915.39	112.7	180	1.2	V	24.6	4.2	25.0	116.5			FUND
915.39	106.5	15	1.2	H	24.6	4.2	25.0	110.3			FUND
1830.78	51.6	60	1.5	V	25.3	2.6	30.0	49.5	54	-4.5	AVG.
2746.17	45.6	150	1.2	V	29.0	3.7	30.0	48.3	54	-5.7	AVG.
1830.78	47.9	30	1.5	H	25.3	2.6	30.0	45.8	54	-8.2	AVG.
2746.17	42.9	210	1.5	H	29.0	3.7	30.0	45.6	54	-8.4	AVG.
1830.78	54.5	60	1.5	V	25.3	2.6	30.0	52.4	74	-21.6	PEAK
2746.17	49.3	150	1.2	V	29.0	3.7	30.0	52.0	74	-22.0	PEAK
1830.78	51.8	30	1.5	H	25.3	2.6	30.0	49.7	74	-24.3	PEAK
2746.17	46.1	210	1.5	H	29.0	3.7	30.0	48.8	74	-25.2	PEAK
High Channel											
927.48	112.3	210	1.5	V	24.7	4.4	25.0	116.4			FUND.
927.48	105.4	0	1.2	H	24.7	4.4	25.0	109.5			FUND.
1854.96	51.3	45	1.5	V	25.3	2.6	30.0	49.2	54	-4.8	AVG.
2782.44	45.3	150	1.2	V	29.0	3.7	30.0	48.0	54	-6.0	AVG.
1854.96	47.7	30	1.2	H	25.3	2.6	30.0	45.6	54	-8.4	AVG.
2782.44	42.6	230	1.5	H	29.0	3.7	30.0	45.3	54	-8.7	AVG.
1854.96	54.2	45	1.5	V	25.3	2.6	30.0	52.1	74	-21.9	PEAK
2782.44	48.9	150	1.2	V	29.0	3.7	30.0	51.6	74	-22.4	PEAK
1854.96	51.5	30	1.2	H	25.3	2.6	30.0	49.4	74	-24.6	PEAK
2782.44	45.7	230	1.5	H	29.0	3.7	30.0	48.4	74	-25.6	PEAK

**Unintentional Emission**

Frequency MHz	Indicated		Table Height Meter	Antenna		Correction Factor			FCC 15 Subpart B	
	Ampl. dB $\mu$ V/m	Direction Degree		Polar H/V	Antenna dB $\mu$ V/m	Cable Loss dB $\mu$ V/m	Amp. dB	Corr. Ampl. dB $\mu$ V/m	Limit dB $\mu$ V/m	Margin dB
208.44	48.5	270	1.5	V	12.4	4.6	25.0	40.5	43.5	-3.0
225.90	47.6	225	1.5	H	12.1	3.9	25.0	38.6	46	-7.4
110.73	46.3	45	1.2	V	11.7	1.3	25.0	34.3	43.5	-9.2
460.53	39.5	60	1.2	V	17.8	3.7	25.0	36.0	46	-10.0
195.42	38.1	270	1.0	V	15.0	3.9	25.0	32.0	43.5	-11.5

**11.8.2 EUT with Flavius 915 Antenna, 30MHz ~ 10 GHz, 3 Meters**

Frequency MHz	Indicated		Table Height Meter	Antenna		Correction Factor			FCC 15 Subpart C			
	Ampl. dB $\mu$ V/m	Direction Degree		Polar H/V	Antenna dB $\mu$ V/m	Cable Loss dB $\mu$ V/ m	Amp. dB	Corr. Ampl. dB $\mu$ V/m	Limit dB $\mu$ V/m	Margin dB	Mode	
Low Channel												
902.22	108.3	90	1.2	V	24.8	3.0	25.0	111.1			FUND	
902.22	112.6	110	1.5	H	24.8	3.0	25.0	115.4			FUND	
1854.96	51.3	0	1.2	H	25.3	2.6	30.0	49.2	54	-4.8	AVG.	
2782.44	45.3	210	1.5	H	29.0	3.7	30.0	48.0	54	-6.0	AVG.	
1854.96	47.6	45	1.5	V	25.3	2.6	30.0	45.5	54	-8.5	AVG.	
2782.44	42.5	150	1.2	V	29.0	3.7	30.0	45.2	54	-8.8	AVG.	
1854.96	57.6	0	1.2	H	25.3	2.6	30.0	55.5	74	-18.5	PEAK	
2782.44	48.4	210	1.5	H	29.0	3.7	30.0	51.1	74	-22.9	PEAK	
2782.44	46.1	150	1.2	V	29.0	3.7	30.0	48.8	74	-25.2	PEAK	
1854.96	50.8	45	1.5	V	25.3	2.6	30.0	48.7	74	-25.3	PEAK	
Middle Channel												
915.39	108.2	0	1.2	V	24.6	4.2	25.0	112.0			FUND	
915.39	112.5	15	1.2	H	24.6	4.2	25.0	116.3			FUND	
1830.78	51.1	30	1.5	H	25.3	2.6	30.0	49.0	54	-5.0	AVG.	
2746.17	45.1	210	1.5	H	29.0	3.7	30.0	47.8	54	-6.2	AVG.	
1830.78	47.5	60	1.5	V	25.3	2.6	30.0	45.4	54	-8.6	AVG.	
2746.17	42.3	150	1.2	V	29.0	3.7	30.0	45.0	54	-9.0	AVG.	
1830.78	57.5	30	1.5	H	25.3	2.6	30.0	55.4	74	-18.6	PEAK	
2746.17	48.3	210	1.5	H	29.0	3.7	30.0	51.0	74	-23.0	PEAK	
2746.17	46.0	150	1.2	V	29.0	3.7	30.0	48.7	74	-25.3	PEAK	
1830.78	50.6	60	1.5	V	25.3	2.6	30.0	48.5	74	-25.5	PEAK	
High Channel												
927.48	108.4	90	1.5	V	24.7	4.4	25.0	112.5			FUND.	
927.48	112.7	70	1.2	H	24.7	4.4	25.0	116.8			FUND.	
1854.96	51.5	15	1.2	H	25.3	2.6	30.0	49.4	54	-4.6	AVG.	
2782.44	45.4	180	1.5	H	29.0	3.7	30.0	48.1	54	-5.9	AVG.	
1854.96	47.7	310	1.5	V	25.3	2.6	30.0	45.6	54	-8.4	AVG.	
2782.44	42.7	150	1.2	V	29.0	3.7	30.0	45.4	54	-8.6	AVG.	
1854.96	54.7	15	1.2	H	25.3	2.6	30.0	52.6	74	-21.4	PEAK	
2782.44	48.5	180	1.5	H	29.0	3.7	30.0	51.2	74	-22.8	PEAK	
2782.44	46.2	150	1.2	V	29.0	3.7	30.0	48.9	74	-25.1	PEAK	
1854.96	50.9	310	1.5	V	25.3	2.6	30.0	48.8	74	-25.2	PEAK	

**Unintentional Emission**

Frequency MHz	Indicated		Table Height Meter	Antenna		Correction Factor			FCC 15 Subpart B	
	Ampl. dB $\mu$ V/m	Direction Degree		Polar H/V	Antenna dB $\mu$ V/m	Cable Loss dB $\mu$ V/m	Amp. dB	Corr. Ampl. dB $\mu$ V/m	Limit dB $\mu$ V/m	Margin dB
208.44	47.2	270	1.5	V	12.4	4.6	25.0	39.2	43.5	-4.3
225.90	47.3	225	1.5	H	12.1	3.9	25.0	38.3	46	-7.7
110.73	45.4	45	1.2	V	11.7	1.3	25.0	33.4	43.5	-10.1
460.53	39.2	60	1.2	V	17.8	3.7	25.0	35.7	46	-10.3
195.42	38.6	270	1.0	V	15.0	3.9	25.0	32.5	43.5	-11.0

## 12 - CONDUCTED EMISSION

### 12.1 Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, and LISN.

Based on NIS 81, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the best estimate of the uncertainty of any conducted emissions measurement at BAEL is  $\pm 2.4$  dB.

### 12.2 Test Setup

The measurement was performed at shield room, using the same setup per ANSI C63.4 – 1992 measurement procedure. The specification used was FCC Class B limits.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

The EUT was connected with 120Vac/60Hz power source.

### 12.3 Spectrum Analyzer Setup

The spectrum analyzer was set with the following configurations during the conduction test:

Start Frequency.....	150 kHz
Stop Frequency.....	30 MHz
Sweep Speed.....	Auto
IF Bandwidth.....	10 kHz
Video Bandwidth.....	10 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Bandwidth .....	9 kHz
Quasi-Peak Adapter Mode.....	Normal

### 12.4 Test Procedure

During the conducted emission test, the power cord of the host system was connected to the auxiliary outlet of the first LISN.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of each modes tested to ensure EUT is compliant with all installation combination.

All data was recorded in the peak detection mode. Quasi-peak readings were only performed when an emission was found to be marginal (within -4 dB $\mu$ V of specification limits). Quasi-peak readings are distinguished with a "Qp".

## 12.5 Summary of Test Results

According to the data in section 12.6, the EUT complied with the FCC Conducted margin for a Class B device, with the *worst* margin reading of:

-15.8 dB $\mu$ V at 0.8 MHz in the Neutral mode

## 12.6 Conducted Emissions Test Data

LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS				FCC CLASS B	
Frequency MHz	Amplitude dB $\mu$ V	Detector Qp/Ave/Peak	Phase Line/Neutral	Limit dB $\mu$ V	Margin dB
0.800	30.2	Ave	Neutral	46	-15.8
0.150	45.9	QP	Line	66	-20.1
0.800	34.9	QP	Neutral	56	-21.1
17.200	28.7	Ave	Line	50	-21.3
0.150	44.2	QP	Neutral	66	-21.8
0.800	23.7	Ave	Line	46	-22.3
17.300	37.3	QP	Neutral	60	-22.7
17.300	36.9	QP	Line	60	-23.1
0.800	28.6	QP	Line	56	-27.4
17.200	22.4	Ave	Neutral	50	-27.6
0.150	15.7	Ave	Line	56	-40.3
0.150	13.6	Ave	Neutral	56	-42.4

## 12.7 Plot of Conducted Emissions Test Data

Plot(s) of Conducted Emissions Test Data is presented in the following page as reference.

Bay Area Compliance Laboratory Corp  
 CISPR CLASS B

22. May 03 01:16

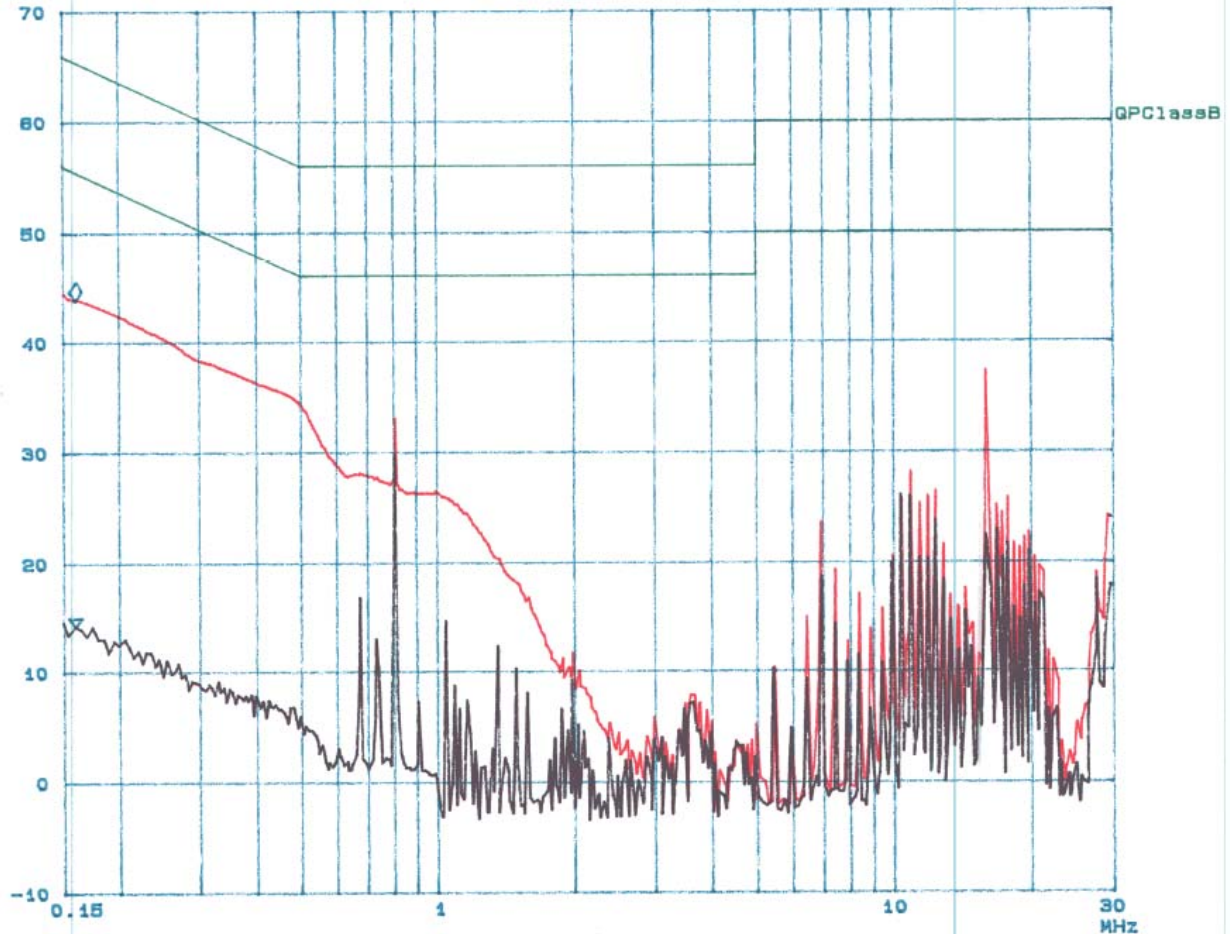
EUT: AG4490 Transceiver  
 Manuf: AeroComm  
 Op Cond: Normal  
 Operator: Benjamin  
 Comment: Neutral  
 File name: SEANIXL.RES

Scan Settings (3 Ranges)

Frequencies			Receiver Settings				
Start	Stop	Step	IF BW	Detector	M-Time	Atten	Preamp
150k	1M	5k	9k	QP+AV	20ms	10dB LN	OFF
1M	5M	10k	9k	QP+AV	1ms	10dB LN	OFF
5M	30M	100k	9k	QP+AV	1ms	10dB LN	OFF

Final Measurement: x QP / + AV  
 Meas Time: 1 s  
 Subranges: 25  
 Acc Margin: 6dB

◇ Mkr : 160.00 kHz 43.9 dBuV  
 ▽ Mkr : 160.00 kHz 14.2 dBuV



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Bay Area Compliance Laboratory Corp  
 CISPR CLASS B

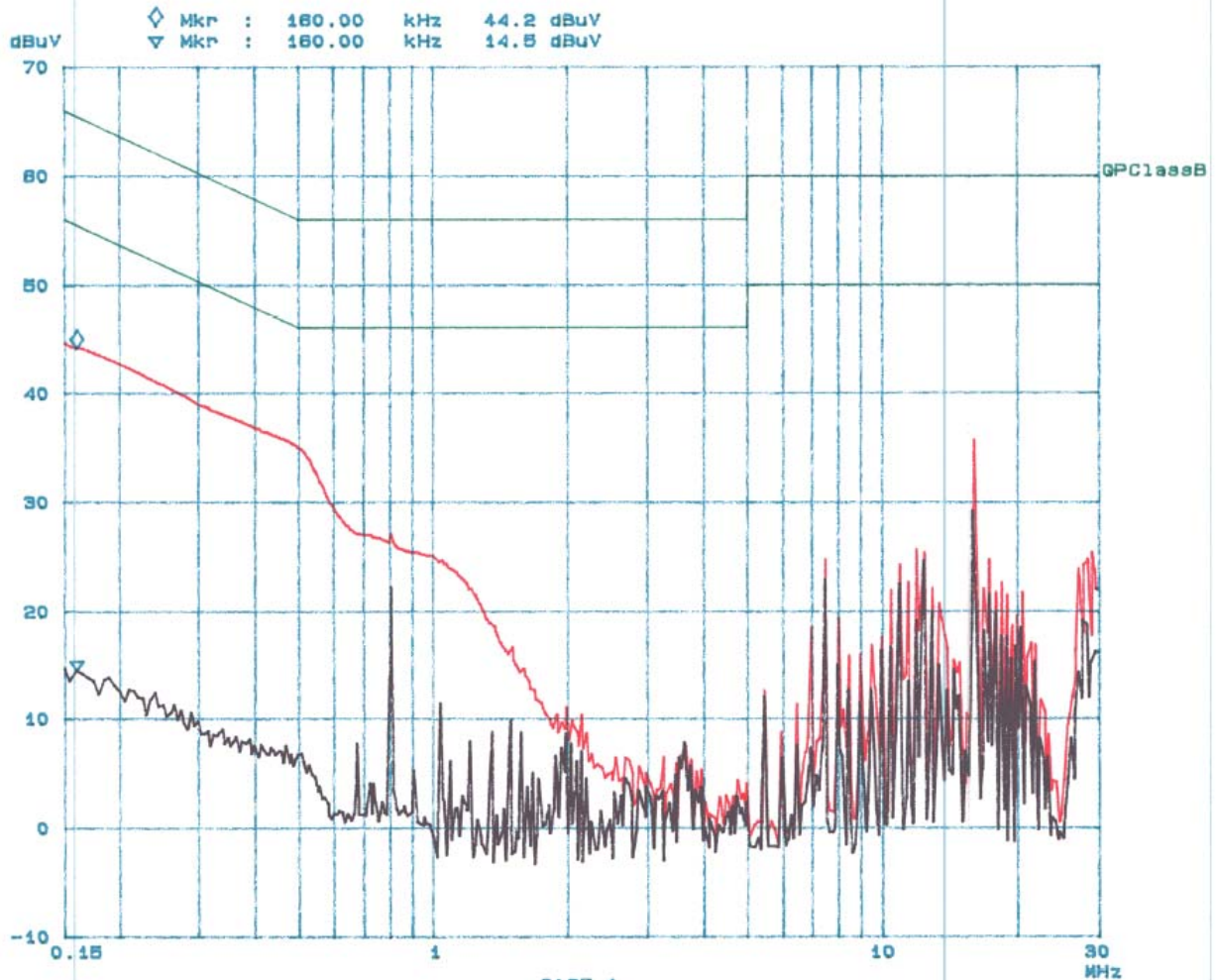
22. May 03 00:32

EUT: AC4490 Transceiver  
 Manuf: AeroComm  
 Op Cond: Normal  
 Operator: Benjamin  
 Comment: Line  
 File name: SEANIXL.RES

Scan Settings (3 Ranges)

Frequencies			Receiver Settings				
Start	Stop	Step	IF BW	Detector	M-Time	Atten	Preamp
150k	1M	5k	9k	QP+AV	20ms	10dB LN	OFF
1M	5M	10k	9k	QP+AV	1ms	10dB LN	OFF
5M	30M	100k	9k	QP+AV	1ms	10dB LN	OFF

Final Measurement: X QP / + AV  
 Meas Time: 1 s  
 Subranges: 25  
 Acc Margin: 6dB





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## **13 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

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According to § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

And according to § 15.247 (1), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

The gain of antenna used for transmitting is 2.5 dBi for S161AM-915R, and -0.5 dBi for Flavus Antenna. The antenna connector is designed with permanent attachment and no consideration of replacement. Please see EUT photo for details.

## 14 - RF EXPOSURE

According to §15.247(b)(4) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to §1.1310 and §2.1093 RF exposure is calculated.

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE)

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Averaging Time (minute)
Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f <sup>2</sup> )	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-15000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

### MPE Prediction

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

Equation from page 18 of OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal: 17.17 (dBm)

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal: 52.12 (mW)

Prediction distance: 20 (cm)

Predication frequency: 900 (MHz)

1. S161AM-915R Antenna, Antenna Gain (typical): 2.5 (dBi)

Maximum antenna gain: 1.78 (numeric)

Power density at predication frequency at 20 cm: 0.0185 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

2. Flavus 915MHz Antenna, Antenna Gain (typical): -0.5 (dBi)

Maximum antenna gain: 0.89 (numeric)

Power density at predication frequency at 20 cm: 0.0092 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency: 0.6 (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

**Test Result**

The predicted power density level and MPE calculated distance are as following:

1. S161AM-915R Antenna: predicted power density level at 20 cm is 0.0185 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>
2. Flavis 915MHz Antenna: predicted power density level at 20 cm is 0.0092 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>

These are below the uncontrolled exposure limit of 0.6 mW/cm<sup>2</sup> at 900 MHz.

The EUT is used at least 20 cm away from user's body, it is defined as mobile equipment.